



Syllabus to be implemented from the Academic Year 2014

ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING SEMESTER – V

| | | A. THEOR | RY | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------|----|-------|-----------|
| Sl.No. | Paper Code | Subjects | (| Cr.Points | | | |
| | | | L | T | P | TOTAL | |
| 1. | HU-501 | Economics for Engineers | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 2. | EC-501 | Analog Communication | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 3. | EC-502 | Microprocessors & Microcontrollers | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 4. | EC-503 | Control System | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 5. | F. E. EC 504A EC-504B | Computer Architecture Data structure & C | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 3/4 |
| | 2000.2 | Total of Theory | | | | 18 | 18 |
| | | B. PRACTICAL / SI | ESSIONA | L | | L | |
| Sl.No. | Paper Code | Subjects | Contact Hours / Week | | | | Cr.Points |
| | | | L | T | P | TOTAL | |
| 6. | EC-591 | Analog Communication | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 7. | EC-592 | Microprocessors & Microcontrollers | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 8. | EC -593 | Control System | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 9. | F.E. EC-594A EC-594B | Computer Architecture Data structure & C | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Total Practical | | | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 8 |
| | | Total Semester | | | | 30 | 26 |





Economics for Engineers HU-501

Contact: 3-0-0 Credits- 3

Module-I

- 1. Economic Decisions Making Overview, Problems, Role, Decision making process.
- 2. Engineering Costs & Estimation Fixed, Variable, Marginal & Average Costs, Sunk Costs, Opportunity Costs, Recurring And Nonrecurring Costs, Incremental Costs, Cash Costs vs Book Costs, Life-Cycle Costs; Types Of Estimate, Estimating Models Per-Unit Model, Segmenting Model, Cost Indexes, Power-Sizing Model, Improvement & Learning Curve, Benefits

Module-II

- 3. Cash Flow, Interest and Equivalence: Cash Flow Diagrams, Categories & Computation, Time Value of Money, Debt repayment, Nominal & Effective Interest.
- 4. Cash Flow & Rate Of Return Analysis Calculations, Treatment of Salvage Value, Annual Cash Flow Analysis, Analysis Periods; Internal Rate of Return, Calculating Rate of Return, Incremental Analysis; Best Alternative Choosing An Analysis Method, Future Worth Analysis, Benefit-Cost Ratio Analysis, Sensitivity And Breakeven Analysis. Economic Analysis In The Public Sector Quantifying And Valuing Benefits & drawbacks.

Module-III

- 5. Inflation And Price Change Definition, Effects, Causes, Price Change with Indexes, Types of Index, Composite vs Commodity Indexes, Use of Price Indexes In Engineering Economic Analysis, Cash Flows that inflate at different Rates.
- 6. Present Worth Analysis: End-Of-Year Convention, Viewpoint Of Economic Analysis Studies, Borrowed Money Viewpoint, Effect Of Inflation & Deflation, Taxes, Economic Criteria, Applying Present Worth Techniques, Multiple Alternatives.
- 7. Uncertainty In Future Events Estimates and Their Use in Economic Analysis, Range Of Estimates, Probability, Joint Probability Distributions, Expected Value, Economic Decision Trees, Risk, Risk vs Return, Simulation, Real Options.

Module-IV

- 8. Depreciation Basic Aspects, Deterioration & Obsolescence, Depreciation And Expenses, Types Of Property, Depreciation Calculation Fundamentals, Depreciation And Capital Allowance Methods, Straight-Line Depreciation Declining Balance Depreciation, Common Elements of Tax Regulations For Depreciation And Capital Allowances.
- 9. Replacement Analysis Replacement Analysis Decision Map, Minimum Cost Life of a New Asset, Marginal Cost, Minimum Cost Life Problems.
- 10. Accounting Function, Balance Sheet, Income Statement, Financial Ratios Capital Transactions, Cost Accounting, Direct and Indirect Costs, Indirect cost allocation.

Books

- 1. James L.Riggs, David D. Bedworth, Sabah U. Randhawa: Economics for Engineers 4e, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Donald Newnan, Ted Eschembach, Jerome Lavelle: Engineering Economics Analysis, OUP
- 3. John A. White, Kenneth E.Case, David B.Pratt: Principle of Engineering Economic Analysis, John Wiley
- 4. Sullivan and Wicks: Engineering Economy, Pearson
- 5. R.Paneer Seelvan: Engineering Economics, PHI
- 6. Michael R Lindeburg: Engineering Economics Analysis, Professional Pub



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EC501 - Analog Communication

EC 501

Contact: 3-1-0 Credits: 4

Mod-1 Introduction to Analog Communication:

Elements of communication system - Transmitters, Transmission channels & receivers (1), Concept of modulation, its needs (1).

Continuous Wave Linear Modulation:

a) Amplitude modulation(AM-DSB/TC): Time domain representation of AM signal (expression derived using a single tone message), modulation index [1], frequency domain (spectral) representations, illustration of the carrier and side band components; transmission bandwidth for AM; Phasor diagram of an AM signal; [2] Calculation of Transmitted power & sideband power & Efficiency; concept of under, over and critical modulation of AM-DSB-TC.[2]

b) Other Amplitude Modulations: Double side band suppressed carrier (DSBSC) modulation: time and frequency domain expressions, bandwidth and transmission power for DSB.[1] Single side band modulation (SSB) both TC & SC and only the basic concept of VSB, Spectra and band-width. [2]

Mod-2 Generation & Detection of Amplitude Modulation:

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- a) Generation of AM: Concept of i) Gated and ii) Square law modulators, Balanced Modulator. [2]
- b) Generation of SSB: Filter method, Phase shift method and the Third method [2]

Demodulation for Linear Modulation:

Demodulation of AM signals: Detection of AM by envelope detector [1], Synchronous detection for AM-SC, Effects of Frequency & Phase mismatch, Corrections. [2]

Principle of Super heterodyne receivers: Super heterodyning principle, intermediate frequency, Local oscillator frequency, image frequency. [2]

Mod-3 Angle Modulation:

8

10

- a) Frequency Modulation (FM) and Phase Modulation (PM): Time and Frequency domain representations, Spectral representation of FM and PM for a single tone message, Bessel's functions and Fourier series. (2); Phasor diagram(1);
- b) Generation of FM & PM: Narrow and Wide-band angle modulation, Basic block diagram representation of generation of FM & PM, Concept of VCO & Reactance modulator (2)
- c) Demodulation of FM and PM: Concept of frequency discriminators (1), Phase Locked Loop (2)

Mod - 4 **Multiplexing**

- a) Frequency Division Multiplexing, Time Division Multiplexing, (FDM) (1)
- b) Stereo AM and FM: Basic concepts with block diagrams (2)
- c) Random Signals and Noise in Communication System:
- i) Noise in Communication systems Internal & External noise, Noise Temperature, Signal-to-Noise ratio, White noise, thermal noise, Figure of Merit. (2)
- ii)Noise performance in Analog Communication systems: SNR calculation for DSB/TC, DSB-SC, SSB-TC, SSBSC & FM. (5)

Total 36 Hours

Text Books:

- 1. Taub and Schilling, "Principles of Communication Systems", 2nd ed., Mc-Graw Hill
- 2. B.P.Lathi -Communication Systems- BS Publications
- 3. V Chandra Sekar Analog Communication- Oxford University Press



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References:

- 4. Carlson—Communication System, 4/e, Mc-Graw Hill
- 5. Proakis & Salehi Fundamentals of Communication Systems- Pearson
- 6. Singh & Sapre—Communication Systems: 2/e, TMH
- 7. P K Ghosh- Principles of Electrical Communications- University Press
- 8. L.W.Couch Ii, "Digital and Analog Communication Systems", 2/e, Macmillan Publishing
- 9. Blake, Electronic Communication Systems- Cengage Learning
- 10. S Sharma, Analog Communication Systems- Katson Books

Microprocessor & Microcontroller

Code: EC502 Contact: 3-1-0 Credits: 4

1. Introduction to Microcomputer based system. History Evolution of Microprocessor and microcontrollers and their advantages and disadvantages.

Architecture of 8085 Microprocessor. Address / Data Bus multiplexing and demultiplexing. Status and Control signal generation. Instruction set of 8085 Microprocessor. Classification of instructions, addressing modes, timing diagram of the instructions.

Assembly language programming:

Addition, Multiplication, Block Transfer, Ascending order, Descending order, Finding largest & smallest number, Look-up table etc.Interrupts of 8085 processor: classification of interrupts, Programming using interrupts (programming using INTR is not required)

8

Serial and parallel data transfer – Basic concept of serial I/O, DMA, Asynchronous and synchronous serial transmission using SID and SOD pins of 8085 Microprocessor.

2 8051 architecture: 7

8051 micro controller hardware, input/output pins, ports, external memory, counters and timers, instruction set, addressing modes, serial data i/o,interrupts.

Assembly language Programming using 8051

Moving data:

External data moves, code memory read only data moves, PUSH and POP opcodes, data exchanges.

Logical operations:

Byte-level, bit-level, rotate and swap operations.

Arithmetic operations:

Flags, incrementing and decrementing, addition, subtraction, multiplication and division, decimal arithmetic.

Jump and call instructions:

Jump and call program range, jumps, calls and subroutines, interrupts and returns.

- 3 The 8086 microprocessor: Architecture, Pin details, memory segmentation, addressing modes, Familiarization of basic Instructions, Interrupts. Assembly language programming: Addition, Multiplication, Block Transfer, Ascending order, Descending order, Finding largest & smallest number etc.
- 4 Support IC chips: 8255, 8253 and 8251: Block Diagram, Pin Details, Modes of operation, control word(s) format. Interfacing of support IC chips with 8085, 8086 and 8051.

Memory interfacing with 8085, 8086 & 8051.

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ADC / DAC interfacing with 8085, 8086 & 8051.

Brief introduction to PIC microcontroller (16F877): Architecture, PIN details, memory layout etc.

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TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Microprocessor architecture, programming and application with 8085 R. Gaonkar (Penram International)
- 2. The 8051 microcontroller K. Ayala (Thomson)
- 3. Microprocessors & interfacing D. V. Hall (Tata McGraw-hill)
- 4. Ray & Bhurchandi, Advanced Microprocessors & Peripherals, TMH
- 5. The 8051 microcontroller and Embedded systems Mazidi, Mazidi and McKinley (PEARSON)
- 6. An Introduction to Microprocessor and Applications –Krishna Kant (Macmillan)

References:

- **1.** Microprocessors and microcontrollers N. Senthil Kumar, M. Saravanan and Jeevananthan (Oxford university press).
- 2. 8086 Microprocessor -K Ayala (Cengage learning)
- 3. Microprocessors The 8086/8088, 80186/80386/80486 and the Pentium family N. B. Bahadure (PHI).
- 4. The 8051 microcontrollers Uma Rao and Andhe Pallavi (PEARSON).

CONTROL SYSTEMS

Code: EC503 Contact: 3-0-0 Credits: 3

Module - I:

a) INTRODUCTION 4

Concepts of Control Systems- Open Loop and closed loop control systems and their differences- Different examples of control systems- Classification of control systems, Feed-Back Characteristics, Effects of feedback. Mathematical models – Differential equations, Impulse Response and transfer functions - Translational and Rotational mechanical systems.

Module – II:

a) TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS

5

Standard test signals - Time response of first order systems - Characteristic Equation of Feedback control systems, Transient response of second order systems - Time domain specifications - Steady state response - Steady state errors and error constants.

b) STABILITY ANALYSIS IN S-DOMAIN

5

The concept of stability – Routh's stability criterion – limitations of Routh's stability.

Root Locus Technique: The root locus concept - construction of root loci-effects of adding poles and zeros to G(s)H(s) on the root loci.

Module – III:

a) FREQUENCY RESPONSE ANALYSIS

6

Introduction, Frequency domain specifications-Bode diagrams-Determination of Frequency domain specifications and transfer function from the

Bode Diagram-Phase margin and Gain margin-Stability Analysis from Bode Plots.

b): STABILITY ANALYSIS IN FREQUENCY DOMAIN

4

Polar Plots, Nyquist Plots Stability Analysis.

Module - IV:

a) CLASSICAL CONTROL DESIGN TECHNIQUES

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Compensation techniques - Lag, Lead, Lead-Lag Controllers design in frequency Domain, PID Controllers.

b) STATE SPACE ANALYSIS OF CONTINUOUS SYSTEMS

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Concepts of state, state variables and state model, derivation of state models from block diagrams, Diagonalization-Solving the Time invariant state Equations- State Transition Matrix and it's Properties - Concepts of Controllability and observability

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Automatic Control Systems 8th edition- by B. C. Kuo 2003- John Wiley and son's.,
- 2. Control Systems Engineering by I. J. Nagrath and M. Gopal, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, 2nd edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Modern Control Engineering by Katsuhiko Ogata Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 3rd edition, 1998.
- 2. Control Systems Engg. by NISE 3rd Edition John Wiley

Computer Architecture

Code: EC504A **Contact: 3-1-0** Credits: 4

Pre-requisite: Basic Electronics in First year, Introduction to Computing in second semester, Digital Electronic & Integrated Circuits in 4th semester

Module 1: Computer Organization & Architecture, Basic functional Unit, Computer component structure [Eg. Structure of IAS Computer, IBM Machine configuration], Harvard & Von Neumann architecture, BUS architecture, ALU designs [combinational ALU & sequential ALU], Instruction set: Instruction format & types.

Module 2: Memory Organization: Memory system overview, Cache memory organizations, Techniques for reducing cache misses; Hierarchical memory technology: Inclusion, Coherence and locality properties; Virtual memory organization, mapping and management techniques, memory replacement policies **10**

Module 3: CPU Organization: Fundamentals, Processor-memory communication [Clock cycles and Timing Diagram], Instruction cycle, RISC & CISC based architecture.

Module 4: Pipelining: Basic concepts, instruction and arithmetic pipeline, data hazards, control hazards and structural hazards, techniques for handling hazards, Flynn's classification SISD, SIMD, MISD, MIMD architectures, Pipeline optimization techniques.

Module 5: Instruction-level parallelism: basic concepts, techniques for increasing ILP, superscalar, super pipelined and VLIW processor architectures, Array and Vector processors.

Module 6: Overview of HDL: VHDL basics programming concept, Structural, dataflow, behavioural & mixed style modeling techniques. 3

Text & Reference books:

- 1. William Stallings "Computer Organization & Architecture Designing for performance", 8/e, Pearson
- 2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky "Computer Organization", 5/e, MGH
- 3. Mano M.M—"Computer System Architecture", 3/e, Pearson
- 4. Kai Hwang & Naresh Jotwani-- "Advanced Computer Architecture Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability", 2/e, MGH
- 5. Pedroni---"Circuit Design And Simulation With VHDL", 2/e, PHI



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Data Structure & C Code: EC504B **Contact: 3-1-0** Credits: 4

Pre-requisites: CS 201 (Basic Computation and Principles of C), M101 & M201 (Mathematics), basics of set theory

Module -I. Linear Data Structure

Introduction (2L):

Why we need data structure?

Concepts of data structures: a) Data and data structure b) Abstract Data Type and Data Type.

Algorithms and programs, basic idea of pseudo-code.

Algorithm efficiency and analysis, time and space analysis of algorithms – order notations.

Array (2L):

Different representations – row major, column major.

Sparse matrix - its implementation and usage. Array representation of polynomials.

Linked List (4L):

Singly linked list, circular linked list, doubly linked list, linked list representation of polynomial and applications.

Module -II: Linear Data Structure

[Stack and Oueue (5L):

Stack and its implementations (using array, using linked list), applications.

Queue, circular queue, dequeue. Implementation of queue- both linear and circular (using array, using linked list) pplications.

Recursion (2L):

Principles of recursion – use of stack, differences between recursion and iteration, tail recursion.

Applications - The Tower of Hanoi, Eight Queens Puzzle.

Module -III. Nonlinear Data structures

Trees (9L):

Basic terminologies, forest, tree representation (using array, using linked list).

Binary trees - binary tree traversal (pre-, in-, post- order), threaded binary tree (left, right, full) - non-recursive versal algorithms using threaded binary tree, expression tree.

Binary search tree- operations (creation, insertion, deletion, searching).

Height balanced binary tree – AVL tree (insertion, deletion with examples only).

B- Trees – operations (insertion, deletion with examples only).

Graphs (6L):

Graph definitions and concepts (directed/undirected graph, weighted/un-weighted edges, sub-graph, degree, cutvertex/articulation point, pendantnode, clique, complete graph, connected components - strongly connected component, weakly connected component, path, shortest path, isomorphism).

Graph representations/storage implementations – adjacency matrix, adjacency list, adjacency multi-list.

Graph traversal and connectivity - Depth-first search (DFS), Breadth-first search (BFS) - concepts of edges used in DFS and BFS (tree-edge, backedge, cross-edge, forward-edge), applications.

Minimal spanning tree – Prim's algorithm (basic idea of greedy methods).

Module - IV. Searching, Sorting:



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Sorting Algorithms (5L): Bubble sort and its optimizations, insertion sort, shell sort, selection sort, merge sort, quick sort, heap sort (concept of max heap, application – priority queue), radix sort.

Searching (2L): Sequential search, binary search, interpolation search.

Hashing (3L): Hashing functions, collision resolution techniques.

Recommended books:

- 1. "Data Structures And Program Design In C", 2/E by Robert L. Kruse, Bruce P. Leung.
- 2. "Fundamentals of Data Structures of C" by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-freed.
- 3. "Data Structures in C" by Aaron M. Tenenbaum.
- 4. "Data Structures" by S. Lipschutz.
- 5. "Data Structures Using C" by Reema Thareja.
- 6. "Data Structure Using C", 2/e by A.K. Rath, A. K. Jagadev.
- 7. "Introduction to Algorithms" by Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein.

Practical

Analog Communication Lab

Code: EC591 Contact: 3P Credits: 2

- 1. Measurement of modulation index of an AM signal.
- 2. measurement of output power with varying modulation index an AM signal (for both DSB- & SSB).
- 3. Measurement of distortion of the demodulated output with varying modulation index of an AM signal (for both DSB-SC & SSB).
- 4. Measurement of power of different frequency components of a frequency modulated signal & the measurement of the bandwidth.
- 5. Design a PLL using VCO & to measure the lock frequency.
- 6. Design a FM demodulator using PLL.
- 7. Measurement of SNR of a RF amplifier.
- 8. Measurement of selectivity ,sensitivity, fiedility of a superhetrodyne receiver.
- 9. Study of waveforms of various functional points (output of RF,IF & video) of a B/W TV receiver.
- 10. Study of the vertical & horizontal sweep of the time base unit of a B/W TV.
- 11. One innovative experiment

Microprocessors & Microcontrollers Lab

Code:EC-592 Contact: 3P Credits: 2

- a) Study of prewritten programs on trainer kit using the basic instruction set (data transfer, Load/Store, Arithmetic, Logical) Assignments based on above.
- **b)** Familiarization with 8085 & 8051 simulator on PC.

Study of prewritten programs using basic instruction set (data transfer, Load/Store, Arithmetic, Logical) on the simulator. Assignments based on above

- c) Programming using kit and simulator for:
- i) Table look up
- ii) Copying a block of memory



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- iii) Shifting a block of memory
- iv) Packing and unpacking of BCD numbers
- v) Addition of BCD numbers
- vi) Binary to ASCII conversion
- vii) String Matching, Multiplication using shift and add method and Booth's Algorithm
- **d**) Program using subroutine calls and IN/OUT instructions using 8255 PPI on the trainer kit e.g. subroutine for delay, reading switch state and glowing LEDs accordingly.
- e) Study of timing diagram of an instruction on oscilloscope.
- f) Interfacing of 8255: Keyboard and Multi-digit Display with multiplexing using 8255 6
- g) Study of 8051 Micro controller kit and writing programs as mentioned in S/L3. Write programs to interface of Keyboard, DAC and ADC using the kit.
- h) Serial communication between two trainer kits

Control System Lab

Code: EC583 Contact: 3P Credits: 2

- 1. Familiarization with MATLAB Control System tool Box, MATLAB- SIMULINK tool box & pSPICE.
- 2. Determination of step response for 1st order & 2nd order system with amity feedback on CRO & calculation of control system specifications for variations of system design.
- 3. Simulation of step response & impulse response for Type-I & Type-II system with unity feedback using MATLAB & pSPICE.
- 4. Determination of root locus, Bode-plot, Nyquist Plot, using MATLAB control system toolbox for a given 2nd order transfer function & determination of different control system specifications.
- 5. Determination of PI, PD, and PID controller action on 1st order simulated process. 3
- 6. Determination of approximate transfer function experimentally using Bode Plot. 3
- 7. Evaluation of steady-state error, setting time, percentage peak overshoots, gain margin, phase margin with addition of lead compensator in forward path transfer functions using MATLAB & pSPICE.
- 8. Study of position control system using servomotor. 3
- 9. Design and hardware implementation of a temperature controller using microprocessor/microcontroller.

Computer Architecture Lab

Code: EC594A Contact: 3P Credits: 2

All laboratory assignments are based on Hardware Description Language (VHDL or Verilog) Simulation.

[**Pre-requisite:** The hardware based design has been done in the Digital Electronic & Integrated Circuits in 4th semester.]

HDL introduction
Basic digital logic base programming with HDL
8-bit Addition, Multiplication, Division
8-bit Register design
Memory unit design and perform memory operations.





2-bit, 4-bit, 8-bit simple ALU design 8-bit simple CPU design Interfacing of CPU and Memory

Data Structure & C Lab

Code: EC594B Contact: 3P Credits: 2

Experiments should include but not limited to:

Implementation of array operations:

 $Stacks\ and\ Queues:\ adding,\ deleting\ elements\ Circular\ Queue:\ Adding\ \&\ deleting\ elements\ Merging\ Problem:$

Evaluation of expressions operations on Multiple stacks & queues :

Implementation of linked lists: inserting, deleting, inverting a linked list. Implementation of stacks & queues





Syllabus to be implemented from the Academic Year 2014

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING SEMESTER - VI

| | | C. THEO | RY | | | | | | |
|--------|--|--|----------|----------------------|---|-------|-----------|--|--|
| Sl.No. | Paper Code | Subjects | (| Contact Hours / Week | | | | | |
| | | | L | T | P | TOTAL | | | |
| 1. | HU-601 | Principles of Management | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | | |
| 2. | EC601 | Digital Communications | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | |
| 3. | EC602 | Digital Signal Processing | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | |
| 4. | EC 603 | Telecommunication System | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | |
| 5. | (No Lab) EC-604A EC-604B | Antenna Theory & Propagation Information Theory & Coding | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | |
| 6. | (With Lab) EC- 605A EC-605B EC-605C | Object Oriented Programming (IT) Programming Language (CSE) Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation(EI) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | | |
| | • | TOTAL THEORY | | | | 17 | 17 | | |
| | | D. PRACTICAL / S | SESSIONA | L | | | | | |
| Sl.No. | I.No. Paper Code Subjects Contact Hours / Week | | | | | | Cr.Points | | |
| | | | L | T | P | TOTAL | | | |
| 7. | EC691 | Digital Communications | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | |
| 8. | EC 692 | Digital Signal Processing | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | |
| 9. | F.E. EC- 695A EC-695B EC-695C | Object Oriented Programming (IT) Programming Lanuage (CSE) Electronic Measurement & Instrumentation | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | |
| 10. | EC-681 | Seminar | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | |
| | ı | Total Practical | | | | 12 | 8 | | |
| | | Total Semester | | | | 29 | 25 | | |





THEORY

Principles of Management

HU-601

Contracts: 2L

Credits- 2

Module-I

1.Basic concepts of management: Definition – Essence, Functions, Roles, Level. 2.Functions of Management: Planning – Concept, Nature, Types, Analysis, Management by objectives; Organisation Structure – Concept, Structure, Principles, Centralization, Decentralization, Span of Management; Organisational Effectiveness.

Module-II

- 3. Management and Society Concept, External Environment, CSR, Corporate Governance, Ethical Standards.
- 4.People Management Overview, Job design, Recruitment & Selection, Training & Development, Stress Management.
- 5. Managerial Competencies Communication, Motivation, Team Effectiveness, Conflict Management, Creativity, Entrepreneurship.

Module-III

- 6. Leadership: Concept, Nature, Styles.
- 7. Decision making: Concept, Nature, Process, Tools & techniques.
- 8. Economic, Financial & Quantitative Analysis Production, Markets, National Income Accounting, Financial Function & Goals, Financial Statement & Ratio Analysis, Quantitative Methods Statistical Interference, Forecasting, Regression Analysis, Statistical Quality Control.

Module-IV

9.Customer Management – Market Planning & Research, Marketing Mix, Advertising & Brand Management.

10.Operations & Technology Management – Production & Operations Management, Logistics & Supply Chain Management, TQM, Kaizen & Six Sigma, MIS.





Readings:

- 1. Management: Principles, Processes & Practices Bhat, A & Kumar, A (OUP).
- 2. Essentials for Management Koontz, Revised edition, Tata McGraw Hill (TMH)
- 3.Management Stoner, James A. F. (Pearson)
- 4. Management Ghuman, Tata McGraw Hill(TMH)

Digital Communication EC-601

Contracts: 3L

Credits-3

MODULE - I:

Probability Theory and Random Processes: Conditional probability, communication example, joint probability, statistical independence, random variable-continuous and discrete, cumulative distribution function, probability density function – Gaussian, Rayleigh and Rician, mean, variance, random process, stationary and ergodic processes, correlation coefficient, covariance, auto correlation function and its properties, random binary wave, power spectral density.

6L

MODULE - II:

Signal Vector Representation: Analogy between signal and vector, distinguishibility of signal, orthogonality and orthonormality, basis function, orthogonal signal space, message point, signal constellation, geometric interpretation of signals, likelihood functions, Schwartz inequality, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization procedure, response of the noisy signal at the receiver, maximum likelihood decision rule, decision boundary, optimum correlation receiver; probability of error, error function, complementary error function, Type-I and Type-II errors.6L

MODULE - III:

Digital Data Transmission: Concept of sampling, Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM), interlacing and multiplexing of samples, Pulse Code Modulation (PCM), quantization, uniform and non-uniform quantization, quantization noise, binary encoding, A-Law and μ -law companding, differential PCM, delta modulation and adaptive delta modulation. Digital transmission components, source, multiplexer, line coder, regenerative repeater, concept of line coding – polar/unipolar/bipolar NRZ and RZ, Manchester, differential encoding and their PSDs, pulse shaping, Inter Symbol Interference (ISI), Eye pattern, Nyquist criterion for zero ISI, equalizer, zero forcing equalizer, timing extraction.





10L

MODULE -IV:

Digital Modulation Techniques: Types of Digital Modulation, coherent and non-coherent Binary Modulation Techniques, basic digital carrier modulation techniques: ASK, FSK and PSK, Coherent Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK), geometrical representation of BPSK signal; error probability of BPSK, generation and detection of BPSK Signal, power spectrum of BPSK. Concept of M-ary Communication, M-ary phase shift keying, the average probability of symbol error for coherent M-ary PSK, power spectra of MPSK, Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK), error probability of QPSK signal, generation and detection of QPSK signals, power spectra of QPSK signals, Offset Quadrature Phase shift Queuing (OQPSK), Coherent Frequency Shift Keying (FSK), Binary FSK, error probability of BFSK signals, generation and detection of Coherent Binary FSK signals, power spectra of BFSK signal, Minimum Shift Keying (MSK), signal constellation of MSK waveforms, error probability of MSK signal, Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying: GMSK, basic concept of OFDM, constellation diagram, Some performance issues for different digital modulation techniques - Error Vector Magnitude (EVM), Eye Pattern and Relative Constellation Error (RCE), Conceptual idea for Vector Signal Analyzer (VSA)

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1) Digital Communications, S. Haykin, Wiley India.
- 2) Principles of Communication Systems, H. Taub and D.L.Schilling, TMH Publishing Co.
- 3) Wireless Communication and Networks: 3G and Beyond, I. Saha Misra, TMH Education.
- 4) Digital Communications, J.G.Proakis, TMH Publishing Co. o)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1) Digital Communications Fundamentals and Applications, B. Sklar and P.K.Ray, Pearson.
- 2) Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, B.P.Lathi and Z.Ding, Oxford University Press.
- 3) Digital Communication, A. Bhattacharya, TMH Publishing Co.

Digital Signal Processing

EC-602

Contracts: 3L

Credits-3

MODULE - I:





Discrete-time signals: Concept of discrete-time signal, basic idea of sampling and reconstruction of signal, sampling theorem, sequences – periodic, energy, power, unitsample, unit-step, unit-ramp, real & complex exponentials, arithmetic operations on sequences.3L LTI Systems: Definition, representation, impulse response, derivation for the output sequence, concept of convolution, graphical, analytical and overlap-add methods to compute convolution supported with examples and exercises, properties of convolution, interconnections of LTI systems with physical interpretations, stability and causality conditions, recursive and non-recursive systems.

MODULE -II:

Z-transform: Definition, mapping between s-plane and z-plane, unit circle, convergence and ROC, properties of Z-transform, Z-transform on sequences with examples and exercises, characteristic families of signals along with ROCs, convolution, correlation and multiplication using Z-transform, initial value theorem, Perseval's relation, inverse Z-transform by contour integration, power series & partial-fraction expansions with examples and exercises. 6L Discrete Fourier Transform: Concept and relations for DFT/IDFT, Twiddle factors and their properties, computational burden on direct DFT, DFT/IDFT as linear transformations, DFT/IDFT matrices, computation of DFT/IDFT by matrix method, multiplication of DFTs, circular convolution, computation of circular convolution by graphical, DFT/IDFT and matrix methods, linear filtering using DFT, aliasing error, filtering of long data sequences – Overlap-Save and OverlapAdd methods with examples and exercises.

5L
Fast Fourier Transform:

Radix-2 algorithm, decimation-in-time, decimation-in-frequency algorithms, signal flow graphs, Butterflies, computations in one place, bit reversal, examples for DIT & DIF FFT Butterfly computations and exercises. 4L

MODULE - III:

Filter Design: Basic concepts of IIR and FIR filters, difference equations, design of Butterworth IIR analog filter using impulse invariant and bilinear transforms, design of linear phase FIR filters, no. of taps, rectangular, Hamming and Blackman windows.

5L

MODULE - IV:

Digital Signal Processor: Elementary idea about the architecture and important instruction sets of TMS320C 5416/6713 processor, writing of small programs in Assembly Language. 4L FPGA: Architecture, different subsystems, design flow for DSP system design, mapping of DSP algorithms onto FPGA.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 .Digital Signal Processing Principles, Algorithms and Applications, J.G.Proakis & D.G.Manolakis, Pearson Ed.
- 2.Digital Signal processing A Computer Based Approach, S.K.Mitra, TMH Publishing Co.





- 3 .Digital Signal Processing Signals, Systems and Filters, A. Antoniou, TMH Publishing Co
- . 4.VLSI Digital Signal Processing Systems Design and Implementation, Wiley International Publication.
- 5. Digital Signal Processing with Field Programmable Gate Arrays, U.Meyer-Baese, Springer.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1 3.Digital Signal Processing, P. Rameshbabu, Scitech Publications (India).
- 14.Digital Signal Processing, S.Salivahanan, A.Vallabraj & C. Gnanapriya, TMH Publishing Co.
- 15.Digital Signal Processing; A Hands on Approach, C. Schuler & M.Chugani, TMH Publishing Co.
- 16.Digital Signal Processing, A. Nagoor Kani, TMH Education
- 17. Digital Signal Processing S. Poornachandra & B. Sasikala, MH Education
- 18.Digital Signal Processing; Spectral Computation and Filter Design Chi-Tsong Chen, Oxford University Press
- 19. Texas Instruments DSP Processor user manuals and application notes. 20. Xilinx FPGA user manuals and application notes.

Telecommunication System

EC-603

Contracts: 3L

Credits-3

Module No.

(to be modified as per workshop decision)

Topic Periods/Classes

- Introduction to Telephone Systems: Evolution of Telecommunication; Components and Examples of Telecommunication systems; Pulse dialing & Tone dialing; Telephone Instruments -rotary dial and push button types.
- Telecommunication Transmission Lines:- Copper, Co-axial, and Fiber optic cables; Transmission
 Bridge Hybrid circuit for 2-wire to 4-wire conversion and vice versa. PCM Carriers; American and
 European standards of carrier channels.
- Subscriber Loop Systems: BORSCHT Functions; Switching hierarchy & routing, signaling techniquesin channel & common channel signaling, SS7.
- 4. Switching System: Electro-mechanical switching-Strowger & Crossbar; Circuit Switching & Packet Switching, Digital Switching systems Time division Time switch, Time multiplexed Space switch, Time multiplexed Time switch, Hybrid switching, ; TS, ST, STS, TST systems; Architecture of 5ESS systems; 6
- 5 Stored Program Control: Software architecture, Application software;. Electronic Exchanges, Introduction to cordless telephones and Digital PABX
- Traffic Engineering: Blocking network, blocking probability, grade of service, traffic load, Erlang-B
 and Congestion formulas-case studies



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BY <mark>GOVT. OF JHARKHAND</mark> AND RUN BY <mark>TECHNO INDIA</mark> UNDER PPP DUMKA, JHARKHAND-814101 (AFFILIATED TO SKMU, JHARKHAND)

 Modems and Their Standards: RS 232C; DTE and DCE, Facsimile Transmission, Broad band transmissionISDN, DSL and ADSL, ISDN and B-ISDN

8. IP Telephony: Voice over IP, Session initiation protocol, H.323 signaling, IP multimedia service

A

TOTAL LECTURE HOURS: 35

Text Books:

b)T. Viswanathan, "Telecommunications Switching Systems & Networks", PHI

c)J.C.Bellamy "Digital Telephony"- Wiley-India

Reference Books:

- 1. O Hersent, D Gurle, J P Petit "IP Telephony" Pearson
- 2.J.E.Flood "Telecommunications Switching, Traffic and Networks" Pearson
- 3 .R L Freeman "Telecommunication System Engineering"- Wiley-India
- 4.A Gokhale "Introduction to Telecommunication"- Cengage Learning

Professional Elective

Antenna Theory & Propagation

EC-604A

Contracts: 3L

Credits-3

Module-I

A. Review of Maxwell's Equation; Radiation of e.m waves and introducing Antenna; Vector Potential and Retarded Vector Potential; Radiation fields of a Hertzian dipole(electric); Duality Principle, Radiation fields due to short magnetic dipole.

B. Antenna Characteristics: Radiation Pattern, Beam Width; Radiation Resistance and efficiency; Directivity and Gain; Impedance, VSWR, Polarization; Effective height and Receive Aperture; Noise Temperature of Antenna.

7

ModuleII

A. Radiation fields and Characteristics of _/2 dipole; discussion on _/4 monopole antenna; Current distribution and Radiation patterns of center-fed dipoles of length _, 3_/2 and 2 _. Horizontal and Vertical antennas over a plane ground.

B. Antenna Arrays: electric Field due to 2 element arrays, 3 element Arrays; Pattern Multiplication; Uniform Linear Array: End fire and Broad side; Phased array.





ModuleIII

A. Characteristics and properties of :Travelling Wave Antenna, Helical Antenna, Folded Dipole, Yagi-Uda Array, Loop Antenna, Electrically Short Antennas, Broad Band Antenna (Log periodic Antenna), Microstrip Patch Antenna.

B. Radiation from an aperture: Sectoral and Pyramidal Horn Antennas, Design of Optimum Horn Antenna; Parabolic and Corner Reflectors and feed systems. [Major stress on Characteristics features, applications (including frequency at which used), advantages and disadvantages, major design principles and equations (without long and detailed derivations]

ModuleIV

A. Methods of Propagation: Ground Wave Propagation, Components of ground wave, Field strength dependence on physical factors. Sky wave Propagation; Ionospheric Layers; Virtual Height, Critical Frequency, MUF, Skip distance, Sporadic Reflections. Space wave propagation: Tropospheric Scatter, Ducting Super refraction, Sub refraction.

B. Friss Transmission Formula, SNR of a Radio Link. Physical (Medium) effects on Radio wave Propagation: Absorption, Refraction and Radio Horizon, Diffraction, Multipath Propagation and fading, Noise, Doppler effect.

10

Recommended (Text Books)

- 1. Antenna (for all application), John D. Kraus and Ronald J. Marhcfka; Tata- MacGraw Hill, 3rd Edition
- 2. Antenna & Wave Propagation, K.D Prasad; Satya Prakashan, New Delhi, 3rd Edition
- 3. Antenna Theory: Analysis & Design, Constantine A. Balanis; Willey, 3rd Edition

Reference Book

- 1. Elements of Electromagnetics; Mathew N.O. Sadiku, Oxford University Press, 5 Edition (2010) th
- 2. Electromagnetic Waves & Radiating Systems, EC Jordan & K.G. Balmain; Pearson Education, 2nd Edition (2009)
- 3. Microstrip Antenna Design Handbook-Ramesh Garg; Artech House (2001)

Information Theory & Coding

EC604B

Contracts: 3L

Credits-3

Source Coding [7L]

Uncertainty and information, average mutual information and entropy, information measures for continuous random variables, source coding theorem, Huffman codes.



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(AFFILIATED TO SKMU, JHARKHAND)

Channel Capacity And Coding

[7L]

Channel models, channel capacity, channel coding, information capacity theorem, The Shannon limit.

Linear And Block Codes For Error Correction

[8L]

Matrix description of linear block codes, equivalent codes, parity check matrix, decoding of a linear block code, perfect codes, Hamming codes.

Cyclic Codes [7L]

Polynomials, division algorithm for polynomials, a method for generating cyclic codes, matrix description of cyclic codes, Golay codes.

BCH Codes [8L]

Primitive elements, minimal polynomials, generator polynomials in terms of minimal polynomials, examples of BCH codes.

Convolutional Codes [8L]

Tree codes, trellis codes, polynomial description of convolutional codes, distance notions for convolutional codes, the generating function, matrix representation of convolutional codes, decoding of convolutional codes, distance and performance bounds for convolutional codes, examples of convolutional codes, Turbo codes, Turbo decoding **Books**

4.Information theory, coding and cryptography - Ranjan Bose; TMH.

5.Information and Coding - N Abramson; McGraw Hill.

6.Introduction to Information Theory - M Mansurpur; McGraw Hill.

7.Information Theory - R B Ash; Prentice Hall.

8.Error Control Coding - Shu Lin and D J Costello Jr; Prentice Hall.

Free Elective

Object Oriented Programming Code:

EC605A

Contact: 3L

Credits: 3

Object oriented design [10 L]





Concepts of object oriented programming language, Major and minor elements, Object, Class, relationships among objects, aggregation, links, relationships among classes-association, aggregation, using, instantiation, meta-class, grouping constructs.

Object oriented concepts [4 L]

Difference between OOP and other conventional programming – advantages and disadvantages. Class, object, message passing, inheritance, encapsulation, polymorphism

Basic concepts of object oriented programming using Java

[22 L]

Implementation of Object oriented concepts using Java.

Language features to be covered:

Class & Object properties [6L]

Basic concepts of java programming – advantages of java, byte-code & JVM, data types, access specifiers, operators, control statements & loops, array, creation of class, object, constructor, finalize and garbage collection, use of method overloading, this keyword, use of objects as parameter & methods returning objects, call by value & call by reference, static variables & methods, garbage collection, nested & inner classes, basic string handling concepts- String (discuss charAt(), compareTo(), equals(), equalsIgnoreCase(), indexOf(), length(), substring(), toCharArray(), toLowerCase(), toString(), toUpperCase(), trim(), valueOf() methods) & StringBuffer classes (discuss append(), capacity(), charAt(), delete(), deleteCharAt(), ensureCapacity(), getChars(), indexOf(), insert(), length(), setCharAt(), setLength(), substring(), toString() methods), concept of mutable and immutable string, command line arguments, basics of I/O operations – keyboard input using BufferedReader & Scanner classes.

Reusability properties [6L]

Super class & subclasses including multilevel hierarchy, process of constructor calling in inheritance, use of super and final keywords with super() method, dynamic method dispatch, use of abstract classes & methods, interfaces. Creation of packages, importing packages, member access for packages.

Exception handling & Multithreading

[6L]

Exception handling basics, different types of exception classes, use of try & catch with throw, throws & finally, creation of user defined exception classes. Basics of multithreading, main thread, thread life cycle, creation of multiple threads, thread priorities, thread synchronization, inter-thread communication, deadlocks for threads, suspending & resuming threads.



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DUMKA, JHARKHAND-814101 (AFFILIATED TO SKMU, JHARKHAND)

Applet Programming (using swing)

[4L]

Basics of applet programming, applet life cycle, difference between application & applet programming, parameter passing in applets, concept of delegation event model and listener, I/O in applets, use of repaint(), getDocumentBase(), getCodeBase() methods, layout manager (basic concept), creation of buttons (JButton class only) & text fields.

Textbooks/References:

- 1.Rambaugh, James Michael, Blaha "Object Oriented Modelling and Design" Prentice Hall, India
- 2.Ali Bahrami "Object Oriented System Development" Mc Graw Hill
- 3. Patrick Naughton, Herbert Schildt "The complete reference-Java2" TMH
- 4.R.K Das "Core Java For Beginners" VIKAS PUBL ISHING
- 5.Deitel and Deitel "Java How to Program" 6th Ed. Pearson
- 6.Ivor Horton's Beginning Java 2 SDK Wrox
- 7.E. Balagurusamy "Programming With Java: A Primer" 3rd Ed. TMH

Programming Languages

Code: EC605B Contacts: 3L Credits: 3

Introduction [3L]

Programming paradigms, Language translator, Basics of OOP, Structure of C++ program, Class and object, Abstraction and encapsulation, Polymorphism, Inheritance, Static and dynamic binding.

Declaration, Expression and statements

[4L]

Data types, Variables, Constants, Operator and expression, Operator precedence and associativity. Statements: Labelled, Expression, Compound, Control, Jump, Declaration, Try-throw-catch.

Array, pointer and function

[4L]

Array, Addresses, Pointer. Function: Declaration, Definition and call, Inline function, Main function argument, Reference variable, Function overloading, Default argument, Parameter passing, Recursion, Scope of variable, Return-by-value and Return-by-reference, Pointer to function

Data abstraction through classes and user defined data types

[6L]





Class, Members, Constructor and destructor, Copy constructor. Dynamic memory management: Operators new and

delete, Malloc and free, Static member, Scope of class names, Scope of variables.

Operator Overloading [5L]

Overloading unary and binary operator, Overloaded function calls, Subscripting, class member access, Nonmember operator, New and delete, Cast operator.

Class relationships [6L]

Introduction, Polymorphism, Coercion, Overloading, Parametric and inclusion polymorphism Inheritance: direct and indirect superclasses, Multiple inheritance, Virtual base class, Friend, Virtual function, Abstract class, Overriding and hiding, Dynamic binding of functions, Virtual destructor and operators.

Template and Exception Handling

[5L]

Class template, Member function inclusion, Function template, Specialization, Inheritance, Namespace. Concept of exception handling, Catch block, Nested try-catch block, Condition expression in throw expression, Constructor & destructor, Runtime standard exception

Standard Library in C++ [3L]

Standard library function, Input and output, Iostream class hierarchy, Class ios, Other stream classes.

Object oriented design and modelling

[4L]

Software development, Qualities of software system, Software architecture, Process life cycle, phases, Modularity, OO methodology, Modeling, UML overview, Object oriented design patterns.

Textbooks/References:

- $1. Schildt,\, H.,\, The\,\, Complete\,\, Reference\,\, C++,\, McGraw-Hill.$
- 2.C++ object oriented programming paradigm, Debasish Jana, PHI
- 3. Pooley, R and P. Stevens, Using UML, Addison-Wesley.
- 4. Programming In C++, Y.I. Shah and M.H. Thaker, ISTE/EXCEL BOOKS
- 5.Rambaugh, James Michael, Blaha "Object Oriented Modelling and Design" Prentice Hall, India
- 6. Rajaram: Object Oriented Programming and C++, New Age International





ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION

Code: EC605C Contact: 3L Credits: 3

| Module | Topic | Hrs |
|------------|--|-----|
| Module I | Basic Measurement Concepts: Measurement systems – Static and Dynamic Characteristics | 6 |
| | – Units and Standards of measurements, –error s analysis, – moving iron meters, | |
| | dynamometer, wattmeter- multimeter, - True rms meters- Bridge mea surements, | |
| | Wheatstone Bridge, Kelvin, Wein, Maxwell, Hay, Schering and Anderson Bridges. | |
| Module II | Basic Measurement Concepts: Electronic Multimeter Current measurement with analog | 7 |
| | electronic instruments. Chopper stabilized amplifier for measurement of very low voltage | |
| | and currents. Cathode Ray Oscilloscopes- Block Schematic, Principles and applications. | |
| | Dual Trace and Dual Beam Oscilloscopes, Digital Storage Oscilloscopes | |
| Module III | Signal Generator and Analysis Function Generators- RF Signal Generators- Sweep | 7 |
| | Generators – Frequency Synthesizer-Wave Analyzer- Harmonic Distortion Analyzer – | |
| | Spectrum Analyzer | |
| Module | Digital Instruments Comparison of analog & digital techniques- digital voltmeter- | 7 |
| IV | mutlimeter – frequency counters- measurement of frequency and time interval – extension | |
| 1 7 | of frequency range- measurement errors. | |
| Module V | Data Acquisition Systems Elements of digital data acquisitionsystem- interfacing of | 7 |
| | transducers –multiplexing – computer cont rolled instrumentation : IEEE 488 Bos. Optical | |
| | Power Measurement, Optical Time Domain Reflectometer. | |

Total Lecture Hours 34

Books:

9.Modern Electronic Instrumentation & Measurement Techniques – Albert D. Helfrick & William D. Copper, Prentice Hall of India, 2003

10. Elements of Electornics Instrumentation & Measurement, Pearson Education 2003

11. Measurement System- Application & Design – Ernest O. Doeblin, Tata McGraw Hill 2004

Practical

Digital Communication Lab

Code: EC691 Contact: 3P Credits: 2





- c)Design, implementation and study of all the properties of 7-length and 15-length pn sequences using shift register.
- d) Study of PAM and demodulation.
- e) Study of PCM and demodulation.
- f) Study of line coders: polar/unipolar/bipolar NRZ ,RZ and Manchester.
- g) Study of delta modulator and demodulator.
- h) Study of adaptive delta modulator and demodulator.
- i) Study of BPSK modulator and demodulator.
- j) Study of BFSK modulator and demodulator.
- k) Study of ASK modulator and demodulator.
- 1) Study of QPSK modulator and demodulator.
- m) Simulation study of probability of symbol error for BPSK modulation.
- n)Simulation study of probability of symbol error for BFSK modulation.

Digital Signal Processing Lab

Code: EC692 Contact: 3P Credits: 2

Simulation Laboratory using standard Simulator:

- 1. Sampled sinusoidal signal, various sequences and different arithmetic operations.
- 2. Convolution of two sequences using graphical methods and using commands- verification of the properties of convolution.
- 3.Z-transform of various sequences verification of the properties of Z-transform.
- 4.Twiddle factors verification of the properties.
- 5. DFTs / IDFTs using matrix multiplication and also using commands.
- 6. Circular convolution of two sequences using graphical methods and using commands, differentiation between linear and circular convolutions.
- 7. Verifications of the different algorithms associated with filtering of long data sequences and Overlap add and Overlap-save methods.
- 8. Butterworth filter design with different set of parameters.
- 9. FIR filter design using rectangular, Hamming and Blackman windows.

Hardware Laboratory using either 5416 or 6713 Processor and Xilinx FPGA:

1. Writing & execution of small programs related to arithmetic operations and convolution using Assembly Language of TMS320C 541 6/6713 Processor, study of MAC instruction.





- 2. Writing of small programs in VHDL and downloading onto Xilinx FPGA.
- 3. Mapping of some DSP algorithms onto FPGA.

Object Oriented Programming Laboratory

EC695A

L-0, T-0, P-3;

Cr 2

- 1. Assignments on class, constructor, overloading, inheritance, overriding
- 2. Assignments on wrapper class, arrays
- 3. Assignments on developing interfaces- multiple inheritance, extending interface
- 4. Assignments on creating and accessing packages
- 5. Assignments on multithreaded programming
- 6. Assignments on applet programming

Note: Use Java for programming Preferably download "java_ee_sdk-6u4-jdk7-windows.exe" from http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javaee/downloads/java-ee-sdk-6u3-jdk-7u1-downloads-523391.html

Programming Language Laboratory:

EC695B

1-0, t-0, p-3 Cr 3

To be uploaded later.

ELECTRONIC MEASUREMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION

Code: EC695C Contact: 3P Credits: 2

- 1. Study of Static Characteristics of a Measuring Instrument
- 2. Study of Dynamic Characteristics of a Measuring Instrument
- 3. Acquaintance with basic structure of DMM and measurement of different electrical parameters
- 4. Realization of Data Acquisition system
- 5. Wave and spectrum analysis using Q meter
- 6. Realization of a V-to-I & I-to-V converter. 7. Statistical analysis of errors in measurement . 8. Study of VCO (Voltage controlled oscillator) & PLL (Phase Locked Loop).





Syllabus to be implemented from the Academic Year 2014

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING SEMESTER - VII

| | | E. THEORY | Z. | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|---|-------|-----|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| Sl.No. | Paper Code | Subjects | | Con | tact Ho | ours / V | Veek | Cr.Points |
| | | | L | | Г | P | TOTAL | |
| 1. | EC701 | Wireless Communication & N/W | 3 | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 2. | EC702 | Microelectronics & VLSI Designs | 3 | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 3. | EC703 (With Lab) | A. RF & Microwave Engg. B. Optical Communication & N/W C. Computer Networks D. FPGA & Reconfigurable Computing | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 4. | EC704 (No Lab) | A. Radar Engg B. Embedded Systems C. Biomedical Instrumentation | 3 | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 5. | F. E. EC705 | A. Artificial Intelligence (CSE) B. Robotics (CSE) C. Data Base Management System D. Power Electronics | 3 | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| | | TOTAL THEORY | | | | | 15 | 15 |
| | | F. PRACTICAL / SE | SSION | JAL | | | | |
| Sl.No. | Paper Code | Subjects | | C | ontact | Hours | / Week | Cr.Points |
| | | _ | • | L | T | P | TOTAL | |
| 6. | HU781 | Group Discussion | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 7. | EC792 | VLSI Design Lab | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 8. | EC793 | A. RF & Microwave Engg. Lab B. Optical Communication & N/W Lab C. Computer Networks Lab D. FPGA & Reconfigurable Computing la | ıb. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 9. | F.E EC795 | A.Artificial Intelligence Lab(CSE) B.Robotics lab(CSE) C.Data Base Management System Lab (CSE) D.Power Electronics Lab(EE) | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 10. | EC781 | Industrial training | | 4 v | wks du | 2 | | |
| 11. | EC782 | Project part 1 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| Total Practical | | | | | | | 15 | 12 |
| | | Total Semester | | | | | 30 | 27 |





VII Semester

WIRELESS COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKS

EC701

Contacts: 3L Credits: 3

MODULE – I:

Cellular Mobile Wireless Networks: Systems and Design Fundamentals:

Brief introduction to mobile wireless communication and systems, Description of cellular system,

Cellular Structure, Frequency Reuse, Cell clustering, Capacity enhancement techniques for cellular

networks, cell splitting, antenna sectoring, Co-channel and Adjacent channel interferences, Channel

assignment schemes – Fixed channel, Dynamic channel and Hybrid channel, mobility management –

location management and handoff management, handoff process, different types of handoff.

6L

Characteristics of wireless channel and propagation path loss models:

Different Multi-path propagation mechanisms, Multi-path effects on mobile communication, Fading, different types of fading, small and large scale fading, slow and fast fading, narrowband and wideband fading, Inter symbol interference, fast fading model, Doppler effect due to velocity of mobiles, Rayleigh envelop, free space propagation model, two ray ground reflection model, log distance path loss model, log normal shadowing model, macro and micro cell propagation models, types of base stations and mobile station antennas.

MODULE - II:

Modern Mobile Wireless Communication Systems

Evolution strategies – First Generation (1G) to Fourth Generation (4G), Personal Area Networks: PAN,
Low Tier Wireless System: Cordless Telephone, Second Generation (CT2), Digital European Cordless
Telecommunications (DECT), Public wide-area Wireless Networks: 1 G to 3G cellular networks

2L
Multiple Access Technologies in cellular communication

Time division multiple access (TDMA), narrowband and wideband TDMA, synchronous and asynchronous TDMA, Frequency division multiple access (FDMA), Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA), Direct-sequence CDMA, spread spectrum technique, spectral efficiency of different wireless





access technologies:

Spectral Efficiency in FDMA system, Spectral Efficiency in TDMA system, Spectral Efficiency for DS-CDMA system

3L

Cellular Communication Networks and Systems

Second generation (2G) Network: Global system for mobile communication (GSM): Architecture and Protocols Air Interface, GSM spectrum, GSM Multiple Access Scheme, GSM Channel Organization, Traffic Channel multi-frame, Control (Signaling) Channel Multi-frame, Frames, Multi-frames, Superframes and Hyper-frames, GSM Call Set up Procedure, Location Update Procedure, Routing of a call to a Mobile Subscriber

The concept of packet data services The 2.5 G General Packet Radio Services: GPRS Networks

Architecture, GPRS Interfaces and Reference Points, GPRS Mobility Management Procedures, GPRS

Attachment and Detachment Procedures, Session Management and PDP Context, Data Transfer
through GPRS Network and Routing, The IP Internetworking Model

3L

Overview of CDMA systems: IS-95 Networks and 3G – The Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS)

CDMA based IS-95 Systems, forward link and reverse link for IS-95, handoff process in CDMA based

IS-95 network. UMTS Network Architecture –Release 99, UMTS Interfaces, UMTS Network

Evolution UMTS Release 4 and 5, UMTS FDD and TDD, UMTS Channels, Logical Channels, UMTS

Time Slots

MODULE - III:

Wireless Local Area Networks (WLAN): IEEE 802.11 Standards and Protocols
IEEE 802.11 standards, WLAN family, WLAN transmission technology, WLAN system architecture,
Collision Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) and CSMA collision avoidance
(CSMA/CA), Frequency Hopping Spread Spectra, 802.11 PHY and MAC layers, IEEE 802.11
Distributed Coordination function (DCF) and Point coordination function (PCF), Back off algorithm,
Virtual carrier sense, MAC frame format. Security and QoS issues, WLAN applications

4L
Wireless Broadband Networks and Access
Evolution of broadband wireless, IEEE 802.16 standards: WiMAX, Spectrum Allocation, IEEE
802.16 Standard Architecture, Overview of WiMAX PHY, IEEE 802.16 MAC Layer, IEEE 802.16
Scheduling Services, Unsolicited Grant Service (UGS), Real-time Polling Service (rtPS), Non-real-time Polling Service (nrtPS), Best Effort (BE) Overview of 3G Long Term Evolution (3G LTE) for broadband wireless communication, Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiple Access (OFDMA)

3L

MODULE – IV:





Mobile Internet Protocol

Basic Mobile IP, Mobile IP Type-MIPV4 and MIPv6, Mobile IP: Concept, Four basic entities for MIPv4, Mobile IPv4 Operations, Registration, Tunneling, MIPv4 Reverse Tunneling, MIPv4 Triangular Routing, Configuring PDP Addresses on Mobile Station, Mobility Classification, Seamless Terminal Mobility Management, Limitations of current TCP/IP networks for mobility support, Mobility solution, Accessing External PDN through GPRS/UMTS PS Domain, Transparent Access, Use of Mobile IP for Non-transparent access, Dynamically accesses IP address from External Network.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Wireless Networks: Applications and Protocols, T. S. Rappaport, Pearson Education
- 2. Wireless Communication and Networks: 3G and Beyond, I. Saha Misra, TMH Education.
- 3. Wireless Communications: Principles and Practice, T.S.Rappaport, PHI Learning.
- 4. Wireless Communications, A. Goldsmith, Cambridge University Press.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Lee's Essentials of Wireless Communications, MH Prof. Med/Tech
- 2. Wireless Digital Communications: Modulations & Spread Spectrum Applications, K.Feher, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Wireless Communications and Networking, J.W.Mark and W. Zhuang, PHI.

Microelectronics & VLSI Designs

EC702

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

Pre-requisite: Knowledge about MOS, MOS-Characteristics, MOS Capacitors, Short Channel MOS, CMOS inverters, MOS Gates etc done in ES201 (Basic Electronics of second semester), EC302 (solid state devices of third semester), Analog Circuit Theory and Digital Circuits done in semesters 3 & 4 respectively.

Module 1: Introduction to VLSI Design: [6L]

VLSI Design Concepts, Moor's Law, Scale of Integration (SSI, MSI, LSI, VLSI, ULSI – basic idea only), Types of VLSI Chips (Analog & Digital VLSI chips, General purpose, ASIC, PLA, FPGA)(2L), Design principles (Digital VLSI – Concept of Regularity, Granularity etc), Design Domains (Behavioral, Structu12L);

Module 2: Micro-electronic Processes for VLSI Fabrication: [10]

Silicon Semiconductor Technology- An Overview, Wafer processig (1L), Oxidation, Epitaxial deposition, Ionimplantation & Diffusion (1L), Cleaning, Etching (1L), Photo-lithography – Positive & Negative photo-resist





(1L); Basic CMOS Technology – (Steps in fabricating CMOS (1L)), Basic n-well CMOS process, p-well CMOS process, Twin tub process (1L), Silicon on insulator (1L); Layout Design Rule: Stick diagram with examples (2L), Layout rules (1L).

Module - 3: CMOS for Digital VLSI Circuits: [10]

Recapitulation of MOS (2L); CMOS, CMOS inverter characteristics (1L); CMOS logic circuits, NAND & NOR Gates (1L), Complex logic circuits (1L), CMOS Full Adder (1L), CMOS Transmission GATE (1L), Advanced CMOS Logic circuits; Sequential CMOS logic circuits (1L); SR Latch circuit, clocked JK Latch/ Master-Slave JK (1L), CMOS D-latch & Edge triggered flip-flop (1L);

Module – 4: Analog VLSI Circuits: [8L]

Analog VLSI design steps (1L); Basic building blocks of Analog VLSI chips (1L); MOS switch (1L); Active load / resistors; Voltage dividers (1L); CMOS Current source & sink; CMOS Voltage references/voltage dividers [Basic circuits only] (1L); CMOS Differential amplifier; Output amplifiers [Basic circuits only] (1L); CMOS OPAMP (1L); Switched capacitor filter (1L)

Text Books:

- 1. Digital Integrated Circuit, J.M.Rabaey, Chandrasan, Nicolic, Pearson Education.
- 2. CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit, S.M.Kang & Y.Leblebici, TMH.
- 3. Modern VLSI Design, Wayne Wolf, Pearson Education.
- 4. VHDL, Bhaskar, PHI.
- 5. Advance Digital Design Using Verilog, Michel D. Celliti, PHI

References:

- 1. Digital Integrated Circuits, Demassa & Ciccone, John Willey & Sons.
- 2. Modern VLSI Design: system on silicon, Wayne Wolf; Addison Wesley Longman Publisher
- 3. Basic VLSI Design, Douglas A. Pucknell & Kamran Eshranghian, PHI
- 4. CMOS Circuit Design, Layout & Simulation, R.J.Baker, H.W.Lee, D.E. Boyee, PHI
- 5. CMOS Analog Circuit Design by P.E. Allen & D.R. Holberg; OUP

RF & Microwave Engg

EC703A

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

| Module | Topics | Hours |
|--------|--|-------|
| 1 | 26. Introduction RF & Microwave Spectrum, Typical applications of RF and Microwave, Safety considerations. | 1 |
| | Safety Consider ations. | |



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| | 27. Microwave Waveguide and Waveguide Resonator Rectangular Waveguide- Design consideration, TE & TM modes, TE 10 mode analysis, cut-off frequency, propagation constant, intrinsic wave impedance, phase and group velocity, power transmission, attenuation, waveguide excitation, wall current; Introduction of circular waveguide; Rectangular waveguide resonator- Design consideration, resonant frequency, Q-factor, excitation. | 6 |
|---|--|---|
| | 28. Planar Transmission line Micro-strip lines, Coplanar waveguide, Slot line-design consideration, field patterns, propagation characteristics, Comparison for different characteristics of the above mentioned lines. | 3 |
| 2 | 4.High frequency Circuit Elements: Difference in High frequency and relatively low frequency behavior of Lumped circuit components. Miniaturization and Design of Lumped components at High RF. Realization of reactive elements as Waveguide and Planar Circuit components. | 4 |
| | 5. Waveguide Passive Components and their S-matrix Representation N-port networks-Properties of S matrix, Transmission matrix & their relationships; Microwave passive components and their S matrix representation: Attenuators, Phase shifter, Directional coupler, Bethe-hole coupler, Magic tee, hybrid ring, Circulators, Isolators; Design procedure of filter (maximally flat and equal ripple) using insertion loss method-specification, low-pass prototype design, scaling and conversion, implementation. | 8 |
| 3 | 6.Microwave Tubes Electron beam & Field interaction for energy exchange in resonant (two cavity klystron, Reflex Klystron, Magnetron) and non-resonant (TWT &BWO) microwave active devices: Typical characteristics & applications (only physical explanation is required, no mathematical derivation required). | 4 |
| | 7.Semiconductor Microwave devices TED (Gunn diode) & Avalanche Transit Time (IMPATT) device, Schottky diode, PIN diode- characteristics & applications; Microwave bipolar transistor, Microwave field effect transistor(MESFET). | 5 |
| | 8.Microwave Amplifier Design Basic consideration in the design of RF amplifier- Transistor S-parameter, Stability, matching network, noise figure; Matching network design using lumped elements and L-Section. Brief introduction to NBA, LNA. | 4 |
| 4 | 9.Typical Microwave Test Bench & measurement VSWR meter, Tunable detector, Slotted line and Probe detector, Frequency meter, Network analyzer, Measurement of VSWR – low, medium and high, Measurement of power: low, medium and high, Frequency measurement. | 4 |

Text Books:

- 1. Microwave Engineering, 3Rd Ed David M. Pozar, Willey & Sons Inc.
- 2. Microwaves, K C Gupta, New Age Publishers.
- 3. Microwave Engineering, A Das & S Das, TMH.
- 4. Microwave Devices & Circuits, SY Liao, Pearson Education /PHI

References Books:

- (5) Microwave Engineering-Passive Circuits, PA Rizzi, Pearson Education.
- (6) Foundation of Microwave Engineering, 2ed edition, Robert E Collin, McGraw Hill, Inc.
- (7) Microwave Devices & Circuit Design, GP Srivastava & VL Gupta, PHI

Optical Communication & N/W

EC703B

Contacts: 3L





Credits: 3

Introduction to communication systems: [2]

Principles, components; Different forms of communications in brief, advantages of optical fibre communication, spectral characteristics.

Optical Fibre wave guide: [2]

Structure, Single and Multimode operation; Attenuation, Material and wave guide dispersion.

Optical Sources: [5]

Light Emitting Diode; principle, structures, power and efficiency, coupling to fibres.

Laser diodes; principle, double heterostructure, gain and index guiding, distributed lasers.

Quantum Well Lasers; Modes and narrow linewidth lasers.

Modulation; Bandwidth for modulation, Optical transmitters: components.

Optical Detectors: [2]

Device types, optical detection principles, efficiency, responsivity, bandwidth. Preamplifiers; noise sources, signal to noise ratio.

Point-to-point link and Wavelength Division Multiplexing: [11]

Building blocks; Multiplexing; Intensity Modulation/Direct Detection system; Principle of Regeneration; WDM link, Optical amplifiers; EDFA, SOA, Raman amplifier, Fabry-Perot filters. Dispersion compensation and management, Link analysis and Bit-Error-Rate calculation.

Optical Network: [4]

LAN, MAN, WAN; Topologies: bus, star, ring; Ethernet; FDDI; Telecom networking:SDH/SONET.

Different forms of access networks: [4]

Telephony; ISDN; Cable TV; Broadcast and Switched Networks; HFC networks; FTTC and FTTH networks; All optical networks.

Books:

- 1. Optical Networks A practical perspective : Rajiv Ramaswami, K. N. Sivarajan, Galen H. Sasaki (Morgan-Kaufman)
- 2. Optical Fibre Communication : John M. Senior (Pearson)



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3. Optical Fibre Communication : Gerd Kaiser (TMH)

4. Optical Communication Systems: John Gawar (PHI)

Computer Networks

EC703C

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

Module I

Overview of Data Communication and Networking: [4L]

Introduction; Data communications: components, data representation (ASCII,ISO etc.), direction of data flow (simplex, half duplex, full duplex); network criteria, physical structure (type of connection, topology), categories of network (LAN, MAN,WAN); Internet: brief history, Protocols and standards; Reference models: OSI reference model, TCP/IP reference model, their comparative study. Physical Level: [6L] Overview of data(analog & digital), signal(analog & digital), transmission (analog & digital) & transmission media (guided & unguided); Circuit switching: time division & space division switch, TDM bus; Telephone Network;

Module II

Data link Laver: [5L]

Types of errors, framing(character and bit stuffing), error detection & correction methods; Flow control; Protocols: Stop & wait ARQ, Go-Back- N ARQ, Selective repeat ARQ, HDLC; Medium Access sub layer: [5L] Point to Point Protocol, LCP, NCP, Token Ring; Reservation, Polling, Multiple access protocols: Pure ALOHA, Slotted ALOHA, CSMA, CSMA/CD, CSMA/CA Traditional Ethernet, fast Ethernet(in brief);

Module III

Network layer: [8L]

Internetworking & devices: Repeaters, Hubs, Bridges, Switches, Router, Gateway; Addressing: IP addressing, subnetting; Routing: techniques, static vs. dynamic routing, Unicast Routing Protocols: RIP, OSPF, BGP; Other Procols: ARP, IP, ICMP, IPV6;. Transport layer: [4L] Process to Process delivery; UDP; TCP; Congestion Control: Open Loop, Closed Loop choke packets; Quality of service: techniques to improve QoS: Leaky bucket algorithm, Token bucket algorithm,

Module IV



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Application Layer [5L]

Introduction to DNS, SMTP, SNMP, FTP, HTTP & WWW; Security: Cryptography (Public, Private Key based), Digital Signature, Firewalls. Modern topics: [5L] ISDN services & ATM, DSL technology, Cable Modem: Architecture & Operation in brief Wireless LAN: IEEE 802.11, Introduction to blue-tooth.

Text Books:

- 1. B. A. Forouzan "Data Communications and Networking (3rd Ed.) " TMH
- 2. A. S. Tanenbaum "Computer Networks (4th Ed.)" Pearson Education/PHI
- 3. W. Stallings "Data and Computer Communications (5th Ed.)" PHI/ Pearson Education
- 4. Zheng & Akhtar, Network for Computer Scientists & Engineers, OUP
- 5. Black, Data & Computer Communication, PHI
- 6. Miller, data Communication & Network, Vikas
- 7. Miller, Digital & Data Communication, Jaico
- 8. Shay, Understanding Data Communication & Network, Vikas

Reference Books:

- 1. Kurose and Rose "Computer Networking -A top down approach featuring the internet" Pearson Education
- 2. Leon, Garica, Widjaja "Communication Networks" TMH
- 3. Walrand "Communication Networks" TMH.
- 4. Comer "Internetworking with TCP/IP, vol. 1, 2, 3(4th Ed.)" Pearson Education/PHI

FPGA & Reconfigurable Computing

EC703D

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

Module –I: Introduction to Reconfigurable Computing (RC)

History, State-of-the-Art and Future Trends, Computing requirements as Power, Area and VLSI scaling, Mapping of Algorithm- analysis and speed-up, RC architectures- Fine Grain and Coarse Grain, Hybrid and Embedded Architectures, Supercomputers. 5L

Module-II: Reconfigurable Logic Devices:





FPGA and its internal architecture, computing elements, LUT, BRAM, interconnects, I/O Blocks, programming of FPGA and interfacing case study, ALU design, designing with embedded processors, introduction to Power PC and ARM processors. 6L

Module III: Hardware Description Language for RC:

Design cycle, algorithms, Hardware Description Language, VHDL, different design styles: data flow, structural and behavioral and practical logic circuit implementation example on FPGA, debugging, writing test bench, High level synthesis and Low level synthesis. 6L

Module IV: RC Configuration:

Application segmentation and Resource partitioning, spatial and temporal configuration, systolic architectures and algorithms, Bit serial, on the fly, multiplexing vs. run-time reconfiguration 4L

Module V: RC Implementation:

Virtual Hardware Components (VHC) design process, high level synthesis of VHC and optimization, VHC data-path and control unit design, simulation and verification of VHC, determination of reconfigurable scheme and associated loading mechanisms (temporal and spatial partitioning) for RC. 6L

Module VI: RC applications:

RC for DSP, DSP application building blocks, RC for Image processing, Bioinformatics and Network Security 5L

Text Books:

- M. Gokhale and P. Graham; Reconfigurable Computing: Accelerating Computation with FPGAs, Springer, 2005
- 2. C. Maxfield; The design Warrior's Guide to FPGAs: Devices, Tools and Flows, Newnes, 2004
- 3. C. Bobda, Introduction to Reconfigurable Computing : Architectures, Algorithm and pplications, Springer, 2005

Reference Books:

- 1. W. Wolf, FPGA Based Systems Design, PHI, 2004
- 2. P. Lysagt and W. Rosenstiel, New Algorithms, Architectures and Applications for Reconfigurable Computing, Springer, 2005





Radar Engineering

EC704A

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

Module -I: Introduction to Radar

Historical background, radar terminology, radar band designations, Radar block diagram, radar equation: detection of signals in noise and signal-to-noise ratio, Probabilities of detection & False alarm, integration of radar pulses, radar cross section, distributed targets, Transmitted power, pulse-repetition frequency, antenna parameters & system losses, introduction to radar clutter. 6L

Module - II: Radar Types

Pulse radars and CW radars, Advantages of coherent radar, Doppler radar and MTI: Doppler effect, delayline cancellers, blind speeds, staggered PRFs, Digital filter bank, Moving Target Detector, limitations of MTI, tracking with radar, monopulse tracking, conical scan, limitation to tracking accuracy, 8L

Module -III: Radar signals & clutter

Basic radar measurement, theoretical accuracy of radar measurements, Range and velocity ambiguities, the ambiguity diagram, pulse compression-principles, the matched filter, chirp waveforms, Waveform design: nonlinear FM, phase codes, waveform generation and compression Descriptions of land & sea clutter, statistical models for surface clutter, detection of targets in clutter. 10L

Module -IV: Devices and Radar Systems

Radar transmitter: Solid-state RF power source, Magnetron, other RF power sources, Radar receiver: Super heterodyne receiver, receiver noise figure, duplexers & diplexers, Receiver protectors, Applications: Electronic Warfare: ESM, ECM, ECCM; super resolution, IFM, types of jammers, Stealth and counterstealth: stealth techniques for aircraft and other target types, low frequency and UWB radar ,System design examples 8L

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to Radar Systems-3/E, M. I. Skolnik, Tata McGrawhill
- 2. Principles of Modern radar system , M. H. Carpentier, Artech House

Reference Books:

3. 1. Fundamentals of radar signal processing, M. I. Richards, McGraw-Hill



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- 4. 2. Handbook of radar measurement, Barton, David & Ward, H. R, Artech House
- 5. 3. Radar Technology, Brookner, Eli, Artech House
- 6. 4. Radar Handbook, ed. M. I. Skolnik, Mc-Graw Hill, 1990
- 7. 5. Skolnik, M. I, "Fifty years of Radar", Proc. IEEE, vol. 73 (Feb. 1985), pp. 182-197

Embedded Systems

EC704B

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

Introduction to Embedded System: Embedded system Vs General computing systems, History of Embedded systems, Purpose of Embedded systems, Microprocessor and Microcontroller, Hardware architecture of the real time systems. [5]

Devices and Communication Buses: I/o types, serial and parallel communication devices, wireless communication devices, timer and counting devices, watchdog timer, real time clock, serial bus communication protocols, parallel communication network using ISA, PCI, PCT-X, Intrnet embedded system network protocols, USB, Bluetooth. [10]

Program Modelling Concepts; Fundamental issues in Hardware software co-design, Unified Modelling Language(UML), Hardware Software trade-offs DFG model, state machine programming model, model for multiprocessor system. [5]

Real Time Operating Systems: Operating system basics, Tasks, Process and Threads, Multiprocessing and multitasking, task communication, task synchronization, qualities of good RTOS. [8]

Examples of Embedded System: Mobile phones, RFID, WISENET, Robotics, Biomedical Applications, Brain machine interface etc. Popular microcontrollers used in embedded systems, sensors, actuators. [6]

Programming concepts and embedded programming in C, C++, JAVA. [4]

Ref:

- 1. Introduction to Embedded Systems: Shibu K. V. (TMH)
- 2. Embedded System Design A unified hardware and software introduction: F. Vahid (John Wiley)



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3. Embedded Systems: Rajkamal (TMH)

4. Embedded Systems : L. B. Das (Pearson)

5. Embedded System design: S. Heath (Elsevier)

6. Embedded microcontroller and processor design: G. Osborn (Pearson)

Biomedical Instrumentation

EC704C

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

Module -1 (Fundamentals)

1.1 Introduction to Physiological Systems –Organism, Cardiovascular, Respiratory, Renal, Hepatic, Gastrointestinal, Endocrinal, Nervous, Muscular, Cellular [2] 1.2 Biological Signals – Bioelectric events, Biomechanical Systems, Cellular & Membrane phenomenon. The Action Potential and Propagation through Nervous System. The Peripheral Nervous Systems and sensory mechanisms. Biomaterials. [2] 1.3 Fundamentals of Electrophysiology –EKG, EEG, EMG, Evoked potentials. Quantification of Biological Signals[2]

Module 2 (Measurement & Analysis)

2.1 Biological Sensors- Bio-electrodes, Biosensors and Transducers for Cardiology, Neurology, Pulmonary, Oxygen saturation & gaseous exchange, flow measurement, goniometry, Endoscopy, Impedance Plethysmography. [3] 2.2Biological Amplifiers –Instrumentation Amplifiers for Electrophysiology (ECG, EMG, EEG, EOG), Filters, Power Supplies. [3] 2.3 Recording and Display systems, Digital Conversion for storage, Electrical Hazards in measurements, Isolation Circuits, calibration, alarms & Multi-channel reconstitution [2] 2.4 Hospital requirements – Multi-parameter bed-side monitors, Central Nursing Stations, Defibrillators, Ventilators, Catheters, Incubators. [2]

Module - 3 (Life-Support & Treatment)

3.1 Cardiac Support: Implantable & programmable Pacemakers, External & Internal Defibrillators,
Coronary Angiography. [2] 3.2 Electro-physiotherapy: Shortwave & ultrasonic diathermy, Transcutaneous



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Nerve Stimulators in pain relief, Traction Systems, Ultrasound in bone fracture regeneration, hypothermia & hyperthermia systems. [3] 3.3 Lasers in treatment and surgery: Opthalmic, Ablators, Endoscopic [2] 3.4 Assists and Artificial limbs- Orthoses, passive and powered Prostheses [2]

Module-4 (Imaging)

4.1 Fundamentals of X-Rays, Radiological Imaging, Digital Radiology, DSA. [3] 4.2 Computer Tomography, Image Processing, solid state sensors, whole-body scans. [3] 4.3 Gamma camera & radio- isotope imaging. [1] 4.5 Ultrasonography-Transducers, Signal Conditioners, 2D & 3D scans, Doppler & Colour Doppler [3] 4.6 Fundamentals of Magnetic Resonance Imaging and PET - scans [2]

Text Books:-

- 2) R S Khandpur:- Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation (Tata Mcgraw Hill Education) [Partly Downloadable]
- 3) M E Valentiniuzzi:- Understanding the Human Machine- A Primer for Bioengineering [Freely Downloadable in PDF] (World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd, Singapore)
- 4) L Cornwell, F.J. Weibell & E.A. Pfeiffer:- Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements(Prentice Hall/ Medical)
- 5) J G Webster & J W. Clark: Medical Instrumentation Application & Design (Houghton Miffin Pub)
- 6) J J Carr & JM Brown:- Introduction to Bio-medical Equipment Technology(Regents / Prentice Hall)
- 7) J Tompkins & J G Webster:-Design of Micro- controller based Medical Instrumentation (Prentice Hall Inc)

Reference Books:

- 1. W.B. Blesser :- A systems approach to Biomedicine (McGraw Hill.,NY)
- 2. J H U Brown, J E Jacobs & L Stark:- Biomedical Engineering (Davis Co, Philadelphia, USA)
- 3. L A Geddes & L E Baker: Principles of Applied Biomedical Instrumentation (John Wiley & sons, NY)
- 4. J H Milsum:- Biological Control Systems(Mc Graw Hill, NY)
- 5. R Plonsey:- Bioelectric Phenomena (McGraw-Hill Co, NY)

Artificial Intelligence

EC705A

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

Introduction [2]

Overview of Artificial intelligence- Problems of AI, AI technique, Tic - Tac - Toe problem.

Intelligent Agents [2]





Agents & environment, nature of environment, structure of agents, goal based agents, utility based agents, learning agents.

Problem Solving [2]

Problems, Problem Space & search: Defining the problem as state space search, production system, problem characteristics, issues in the design of search programs.

Search techniques [5]

Solving problems by searching :problem solving agents, searching for solutions; uniform search strategies: breadth first search, depth first search, depth limited search, bidirectional search, comparing uniform search strategies.

Heuristic search strategies [5]

Greedy best-first search, A* search, memory bounded heuristic search: local search algorithms & optimization problems: Hill climbing search, simulated annealing search, local beam search, genetic algorithms; constraint satisfaction problems, local search for constraint satisfaction problems.

Adversarial search [3]

Games, optimal decisions & strategies in games, the minimax search procedure, alpha-beta pruning, additional refinements, iterative deepening.

Knowledge & reasoning [3]

Knowledge representation issues, representation & mapping, approaches to knowledge representation, issues in knowledge representation.

Using predicate logic [2]

Representing simple fact in logic, representing instant & ISA relationship, computable functions & predicates, resolution, natural deduction.

Representing knowledge using rules [3]

Procedural verses declarative knowledge, logic programming, forward verses backward reasoning, matching, control knowledge.



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Probabilistic reasoning [4]

Representing knowledge in an uncertain domain, the semantics of Bayesian networks, Dempster-Shafer theory, Fuzzy sets & fuzzy logics.

Planning [2]

Overview, components of a planning system, Goal stack planning, Hierarchical planning, other planning techniques.

Natural Language processing [2]

Introduction, Syntactic processing, semantic analysis, discourse & pragmatic processing.

Learning [2]

Forms of learning, inductive learning, learning decision trees, explanation based learning, learning using relevance information, neural net learning & genetic learning.

Expert Systems [2]

Representing and using domain knowledge, expert system shells, knowledge acquisition.

Basic knowledge of programming language like Prolog & Lisp. [6]

Books:

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, Ritch & Knight, TMH
- 2. Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach, Stuart Russel Peter Norvig Pearson
- 3. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Patterson, PHI
- 4. Poole, Computational Intelligence, OUP
- 5. Logic & Prolog Programming, Saroj Kaushik, New Age International
- 6. Expert Systems, Giarranto, VIKAS
- 7. Artificial Intelligence, Russel, Pearson

Robotics

EC705B

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3



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Robot Anatomy Arm Geometry-Direct & Inverse Kinematics Problem.Arm Dynamics,D Alembert Equations of Motion, Synthesis of elements with movalulity constraints, manipulations-trajectory planning, joint interpolated trajectories. [15L]

Control of Robot Manipulation-computed torque technique sequencing & adaptive control, resolved motion control Moluie Robots. [6L]

Robot sensing-Range & Proximity & Higher-Level vision, illumination techniques, Imaging Geometry, Segmentation Recognition & Interpretation. [8L]

Robot Programming Language Characteristics of Robot Level & Task Level languages. Robot intelligence-State Space search, Robot learning, Robot Task Planning, Knowledge Engineering. [10L]

References:

- 1. K.S Fu R.C. CSG Lee-Robotics Control, Sensing, Vision & Intelligence, McGraw-Hill.
- 2. M.P. Groover, M. Weins, R.N. Nagel, N.C. Odrey Industrial Robotics, McGraw Hill
- 3. Andrew C.Straugard-Robotics & AI,PHI
- 4. S. Sitharama Iyengar, Alberto Elefes-Autonomous Mobile Robots Control, Planning & Achitecture, IEEE **Computer Society Press**

Database Management System

EC705C

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

Introduction [4L]

Concept & Overview of DBMS, Data Models, Database Languages, Database Administrator, Database Users, Three Schema architecture of DBMS.

Entity-Relationship Model [6L]

Basic concepts, Design Issues, Mapping Constraints, Keys, Entity-Relationship Diagram, Weak Entity Sets, Extended E-R features.

Relational Model [5L]

Structure of relational Databases, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus, Extended Relational Algebra Operations, Views, Modifications Of the Database.





SQL and Integrity Constraints [8L]

Concept of DDL, DML, DCL. Basic Structure, Set operations, Aggregate Functions, Null Values, Domain Constraints, Referential Integrity Constraints, assertions, views, Nested Subqueries, Database security application development using SQL, Stored procedures and triggers.

Relational Database Design [9L]

Functional Dependency, Different anamolies in designing a Database., Normalization using funtional dependencies, Decomposition, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, 3NF, Nomalization using multi-valued depedencies, 4NF, 5NF

Internals of RDBMS [7L]

Physical data structures, Query optimization: join algorithm, statistics and cost bas optimization.

Transaction processing, Concurrency control and Recovery Management: transaction model properties, state serializability, lock base protocols, two phase locking.

File Organization & Index Structures [6L]

File & Record Concept, Placing file records on Disk, Fixed and Variable sized Records, Types of Single-Level Index (primary, secondary, clustering), Multilevel Indexes, Dynamic Multilevel Indexes using B tree and B+ tree.

Text Books:

- 8. Henry F. Korth and Silberschatz Abraham, "Database System Concepts", Mc.Graw Hill.
- 9. Elmasri Ramez and Novathe Shamkant, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Benjamin Cummings Publishing.
- 10. Ramakrishnan: Database Management System, McGraw-Hill
- 11. Gray Jim and Reuter Address, "Transaction Processing: Concepts and Techniques", Moragan Kauffman Publishers.
- 12. Jain: Advanced Database Management System CyberTech
- 13. Date C. J., "Introduction to Database Management", Vol. I, II, III, Addison Wesley.
- 14. Ullman JD., "Principles of Database Systems", Galgottia Publication.

Reference:

10. James Martin, "Principles of Database Management Systems", 1985, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi



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- 11. "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B.Navathe, Addison Wesley Publishing Edition
- 12. "Database Management Systems", Arun K.Majumdar, Pritimay Bhattacharya, Tata McGraw Hill

Power Electronics

EC705D

Contacts: 3L

Credits: 3

| Module | Topic | | | |
|------------|--|---|--|--|
| Module I | A dvances in Power Electronics Power Semiconductor Switches: Rectifier diodes, fast recovery diodes, Schottky barrier diode, Power BJT, Power MOSFET, SCR, TRIAC, IGBT and GTO. Ratings, Static and Dynamic Characteristics, Trigger, driver and switching-aid circuits and cooling. SCR turn –on and turn - off methods, Triggering circuits, SCR Commutation circuits, SCR Series and Parallel operation, Snubber Circuit. | | | |
| Module II | Rectifiers Single phase and three phase controlled Rectifiers with inductive loads, RL load Effect of source inductance- performance parameters .Dual Converters. | | | |
| Module III | Step up and Step down choppers Time ratio control and current limit control, Buck, Boost, Buck Boost and Cuk Converters, Concept of Resonant Switching. | | | |
| Module IV | Single phase and three phase inverters – PWM techniques, Sinusoidal PWM, modified Sinusoidal PWM - multiple PWM Voltage and harmonic Control – Series resonant inverter-Current Sources Inverter. | | | |
| Module V | AC Voltage Controllers, Single phase and three phase Cycloconveters – Power factor control and Matrix Converters. | | | |
| ModuleVI | DC and AC Drives DC Motor Speed control Induction Motor Speed Control Synchronous Motor Speed Control | 8 | | |

Total Lecture Hours 34

Books:

- b) P.C. Sen, Power Electronics
- c) M.H. Rashid, Power Electronics, PHI/ Pearson Education
- d) C.W. Lander, Power Electronics, McGraw Hill
- e) B.K.Bose, Modern Power Electronics, JAICO
- f) Mohan, N Undeland, TM & Robbins, WP- Power Electronics, John Wiley & Sons





Practical

Group Discussion

HU781

Contacts: 3

Credits: 2

To be incorporated

VLSI Design Lab

EC792

Contacts: 3

Credits: 2

Laboratory 1. Familiarity with Spice simulation tool (3 Hrs.)

Laboratory 2. Spice Simulation of Inverter, NAND, NOR Gates. (3 Hrs.)

Laboratory 3 Familiarity with EDA tools for VLSI design /FPGA based system design (6Hrs.)

Laboratory 4. Layouts ,Transistors and tools,. (3 Hrs.)

Laboratory 5. Standars cell Design (3 Hrs.)

Laboratory 6. Design of CMOS XOR/XNOR Gates. (3 Hrs.)

Laboratory 7. Design of CMOS Full adder (3 Hrs.)

Laboratory 8. Design of CMOS Flip flops (R-S,D, J-K) (3 Hr.s)

Laboratory 10. Design of 8 bit synchronous Counter (3 Hrs.)

Laboratory 11. Design of 8 bit bi-directional register with tri-stated input/output bus (3Hrs.)

Laboratory 12 Design of a 12 bit CPU with few instructions and implementation and validation on FPGA (15 Hrs.)

- 1. M.J.S Smith, Application Specific Integrated circuits, Pearson.
- 2. P.J Anderson ,The designer's guide to VHDL, Morgan Kaufman , 2 nd edition ,2002.
- 3. W.Wolf, Modern VLSI Design: Systems on silicon, Pearson
- 4. G.Hatchel and F.Somenzi , logic Synthesis and verification Algorithms, Kluwer, 1998

References:

1. http://www-ee.eng.hawaii.edu/~msmith/ASIC/HTML/ASIC.htm#anchor935203





2. J.Bhasker , A VHDL Primer , BS Publications/Pearson Education.

| RF & Microwave Engg Lab |
|-------------------------|
| EC793A |
| Contacts: 3 |

Credits: 2 Experiments

- 1. Determination of phase and group velocities in a waveguide carrying TE 10 Wave from Dispersion diagram $[\omega-\beta\ Plot]$.
- 2. Measurement of unknown impedance using shift in minima technique using a waveguide test bench/ Measurement of the susceptance of an inductive and or a capacitive window using shift in minima technique using a waveguide test bench
- 3. Study of the characteristics of a Reflex Klystron oscillator
- 4. Study of Gunn-oscillator Characteristics using X-band waveguide test bench.
- 5. Measurement of coupling factor, Directivity, Insertion loss and Isolation of a Directional coupler using X-band waveguide test bench set up.
- 6. Scattering matrix of a magic tee / E-plane tee / H-plane tee using waveguide test bench at X-band.
- 7. Experimental/Simulation Study of filter (LPF, HPF,BPF) response.
- 8. Measuring of dielectric constant of a material using waveguide test bench at X-band.

Reference Books

- 1. ML Sisodia & GS Raghuvanshi Basic Microwave Techniques and Laboratory Manual; Wiley Eastern Limited 1987
- 2. EL Gintzton Microwave Measurements, McGraw-Hill Book Co.
- 3. M Sucher and J Fox, Handbook of Microwave Measurements, Vol I, Wiley-Interscience Inc.

Optical Communication & N/W Lab

EC793B

Contacts: 3
Credits: 2

Experiment with Optical fibre:





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To calculate attenuation constant, bending loss and numerical aperture of optical fibre.

Experiments using LED module: Study of DC characteristics.

I-V characteristics of LED (i) using optical fibre between LED and power meter and (ii) without using optical fibre. P-I characteristics of LED (i) using optical fibre between LED and power meter and (ii) without using optical fibre.

Experiment with fibre Optic analog link:

Input-output characteristics using long optical fibre. Calculation of attenuation per unit length of optical fibre.

Computer Networks lab

EC793C

Contacts: 3

Credits: 2

- 8) IPC (Message queue)
- 9) NIC Installation & Configuration (Windows/Linux)
- 10) Familiarization with
- 11) Networking cables (CAT5, UTP)
- 12) Connectors (RJ45, T-connector)
- 13) Hubs, Switches
- 14) TCP/UDP Socket Programming
- 15) Multicast & Broadcast Sockets
- 13. Implementation of a Prototype Multithreaded Server
- 16) Implementation of
- 17) Data Link Layer Flow Control Mechanism (Stop & Wait, Sliding Window)
- 18) Data Link Layer Error Detection Mechanism (Cyclic Redundancy Check)
- 19) Data Link Layer Error Control Mechanism (Selective Repeat, Go Back N)

FPGA & Reconfigurable Computing

EC793D

Contacts: 3

Credits: 2





- 1. Implementation of basic logic gates with VHDL on FPGA using different design styles.
- 2. Implementation of Multiplexers, Priority Encoder, decoder, counters etc. with VHDL on FPGA using different design styles.
- 3. Design and implementation of 16-bit ALU with VHDL on FPGA and verification by writing a test bench.
- 4. a) Generation of Filter co-efficient of a LPF using Simulink FDA tool.
 - b) Generation of VHDL codes for the LPF by coupling the co-efficient in "a" with Xilinx.
 - c) Implementation of the LPF in FPGA using the code in "b".
 - d) Testing of the LPF by using the hardware-in-the loop configuration.
- 5. Design and implementation of a real time user defined Traffic Light Controller using FSM method on an FPGA.
- 6. Interfacing of LCD display with FPGA and configuration for the scrolling display.

Artificial Intelligence Lab

EC795A

Contacts: 3

Credits: 2

Programming Languages such as PROLOG & LISP

Robotics Lab

EC795B

Contacts: 3

Credits: 2

- 1. Determination of link parameters of a multi-link robot using Denavit-Hartenberg scheme.
- 2. Inverse kinematic approach to determine required angular displacements for translation of link-endpoints
- 3. Adaptive position control of a single/two-link robotic manipulator
- 4. Characterization of an ultrasonic transducer for range measurement applications
- 5. Segmentation of an image by histogram thresholding
- 6. Task-planning using pick-up and placement operations
- 7. Developing motion plan of a robot-cart using real-time A * algorithm



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Database management System Lb

EC795C

Contacts: 3

Credits: 2

Structured Query Language

- 1. Creating Database
 - 4. Creating a Database
 - 5. Creating a Table
 - 6. Specifying Relational Data Types
 - 7. Specifying Constraints
 - 8. Creating Indexes
- 2. Table and Record Handling
 - 10. INSERT statement
 - 11. Using SELECT and INSERT together
 - 12. DELETE, UPDATE, TRUNCATE statements
 - 13. DROP, ALTER statements
- 3. Retrieving Data from a Database
 - 7. The SELECT statement
 - 8. Using the WHERE clause
 - 9. Using Logical Operators in the WHERE clause
 - 10. Using IN, BETWEEN, LIKE, ORDER BY, GROUP BY and HAVING

Clause

- 11. Using Aggregate Functions
- 12. Combining Tables Using JOINS

13. Subqueries

- 4. Database Management
- 6. Creating Views
- 7. Creating Column Aliases
- 8. Creating Database Users
- 9. Using GRANT and REVOKE

Cursors in Oracle PL/SQL

Writing Oracle PL / SQL Stored Procedures





Power Electronics Lb

EC795D

Contacts: 3

Credits: 2

List of Experiments:

- 1. Study of the characteristics of an SCR.
- 2. Study of the characteristics of a Triac
- 3. Study of different triggering circuits of an SCR
- 4. Study of firing circuits suitable for triggering SCR in a single phase full controlled bridge.
- 5. Study of the operation of a single phase full controlled bridge converter with R and R-L load.
- 6. Study of performance of single phase half controlled symmetrical and asymmetrical bridge converters.
- 7. Study of performance of step down chopper with R and R-L load.
- 8. Study of performance of single phase controlled converter with and without source inductance (simulation)
- 9. Study of performance of step up and step down chopper with MOSFET, IGBT and GTO as switch (simulation).
- 10. Study of performance of single phase half controlled symmetrical and asymmetrical bridge converter.(simulation)
- 11. Study of performance of three phase controlled converter with R & R-L load. (simulation)
- 12. Study of performance of PWM bridge inverter using MOSFET as switch with R and R-L load.
- 13. Study of performance of three phase AC controller with R and R-L load (simulation)
- 14. Study of performance of a Dual converter. (simulation)
- 15. Study of performance of a Cycloconverter (simulation)

Institute may develop experiments based on the theory taught in addition to experiments mentioned.

Reference books:

- 1. Fundamental of Power Electronics with MATLAB, Randall Shaffer, Cengage Learning.
- 2. SPICE for Power electronics and electric power, M.H. Rashid & H.M. Rashid, Taylor & Francis.
- 3. Power Electronics: Principles and application, Jacob, Cengage Learning
- 4. Power Electronics, Daniel W. Hart, Tata McGraw Hill Edition.
- 5. Modeling & Simulation using MATLAB-SIMILINK, S. Jain, Wiley India
- 6. MATLAB & SIMULINK for Engineers, A.K. Tyagi, Oxford University Press.





Syllabus to be implemented from the Academic Year 2014

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING SEMESTER -VIII

| | | A. THEORY | ľ | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|---|----------------------|----------|----|-----------|-----------|
| Sl.No. | Paper Code | Subjects | Contact Hours / Week | | | | Cr.Points |
| | | | L | T | P | TOTAL | |
| 1. | HU801A | Organisational Behaviour | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 2. | EC801 (No Lab) | A. Smart Antenna B. Digital Image Processing C. Satellite Communication & Remote Sensing | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 3. | EC802 (No Lab) | A. Neural N/W & Applications (CSE) B. Material Sc. & Engg (Mat. Sc) C. Renewable Energy (EE) D. Audio & Speech Processing (CSE) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| TOTAL THEORY | | | | | | 8 | 8 |
| | | B. PRACTICAL / SE | SSIONA | L | | | |
| Sl.No. | Paper Code | Subjects | Contact Hours / Week | | | Cr.Points | |
| | | | L | T | P | TOTAL | |
| 7. | EC881 | Design Lab / Industrial problem related practical training | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 8. | EC882 | Project part-2 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 9. | EC893 | Grand viva | | | | | 3 |
| | | Total Practical | | | | 18 | 13 |
| | | Total Semester | | | | 26 | 21 |

Theory

Organisational Behaviour

HU801A Contacts: 2L Credits: 2

- 1. Organizational Behaviour: Definition, Importance, Historical Background, Fundamental Concepts of OB, Challenges and Opportunities for OB. [2]
- 2. Personality and Attitudes: Meaning of personality, Personality Determinants and Traits, Development of Personality, Types of Attitudes, Job Satisfaction. [2]



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[4]

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3. Perception: Definition, Nature and Importance, Factors influencing Perception, Perceptual Selectivity, Link between Perception and Decision Making.

[2]
4. Motivation: Definition, Theories of Motivation - Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs Theory, McGregor's Theory X & Y, Herzberg's Motivation-Hygiene Theory, Alderfer's ERG Theory, McClelland's Theory of Needs, Vroom's Expectancy Theory.

[4]
5. Group Behaviour: Characteristics of Group, Types of Groups, Stages of Group Development, Group Decision Making.

[2]
6. Communication: Communication Process, Direction of Communication, Barriers to Effective Communication.[2]
7. Leadership: Definition, Importance, Theories of Leadership Styles.

[2]
8. Organizational Politics: Definition, Factors contributing to Political Behaviour.

[2]
9. Conflict Management: Traditional vis-a-vis Modern View of Conflict, Functional and Dysfunctional Conflict, Conflict Process, Negotiation – Bargaining Strategies, Negotiation Process.

[2]
10. Organizational Design: Various Organizational Structures and their Effects on Human Behaviour, Concepts of

References:

- 1. Robbins, S. P. & Judge, T.A.: Organizational Behavior, Pearson Education, 15th Edn.
- 2. Luthans, Fred: Organizational Behavior, McGraw Hill, 12th Edn.

Organizational Climate and Organizational Culture.

- 3. Shukla, Madhukar: Understanding Organizations Organizational Theory & Practice in India, PHI
- 4. Fincham, R. & Rhodes, P.: Principles of Organizational Behaviour, OUP, 4th Edn.
- 5. Hersey, P., Blanchard, K.H., Johnson, D.E.- Management of Organizational Behavior Leading Human Resources, PHI, 10th Edn.

Smart Antenna EC801A

Contacts: 3L Credits: 3

MODULE -I:

INTRODUCTION:

Antenna Basics, Phased array antenna, power pattern, beam steering, degree of freedom, adaptive antennas, smart antennas - key benefits of smart antenna technology, wide band smart antennas, Propagation Channels . 4L

MODULE -II:

SMART ANTENNAS FOR WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS:

Spatial Processing for Wireless Systems, Key Benefits of Smart Antenna Technology, The Vector Channel Impulse Response and the Spatial Signature, Spatial Processing Receivers, Fixed Beam forming Networks, Switched Beam Systems, Adaptive Antenna Systems, Wideband Smart Antennas, Diversity Techniques, Multiple Input - Multiple Output (MIMO) Communications Systems, MIMO for frequency selective scenarios.

MODULE -III:

ADAPTIVE PROCESSING:

Sample matrix inversion algorithm, unconstrained LMS algorithm, normalized LMS algorithm, Constrained LMS algorithm, Perturbation algorithms, Neural network approach, Adaptive beam space processing, Implementation issues.

8L





MODULE -IV:

DIRECTION OF ARRIVAL ESTIMATION (DOA) METHODS:

Spectral estimation methods, linear prediction method, Maximum entropy method, Maximum likelihood method, Eigen structure methods, MUSIC algorithm – root music and cyclic music algorithm, the ESPRIT algorithm. 8L MODULE –V:

IMPLEMENTATION OF SMART ANTENNA SYSTEM:

DOA based beam former design using simulation and hardware. Adaptive beam forming implementation using Altera Stratix® series FPGA, QRD RLS Algorithm. CORDIC algorithm.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Smart Antenna for Wireless Communication, T.S.Rappaport and J.C.Liberti, Prentice Hall, 1999
- 2. Smart Antennas, L.C.Godra, CRC Press, 2004
- 3. Adaptive Filter Theory, S. Haykin. Prentice Hall, 1985
- 4. Introduction to Smart Antennas, C.A.Balanis, Morgan and Claypool, 2007

Digital Image Processing EC801B

Contacts: 3L Credits: 3

Objective: The course provides grounding in digital filter and transforms techniques for image processing and feature extraction, and an overview of common heuristic algorithms for Image Processing. The different representations of digital images, the importance of adequate sampling frequencies and the appearance of artifacts. Also how the important features in an image may be related to significant abstractions from the raw image. Prerequisite: Digital Signal Processing, Signals and Systems.

Module 1

Digital Image Processing Systems: Introduction to structure of human eye, Image formation in the human eye, Brightness adaptation and discrimination, Image sensing and acquisition, storage, Processing, Communication, Display Image Sampling and quantization, Basic relationships between pixels. [4]

Module 2

Image Transforms (implementation): Introduction to Fourier transform, DFT and 2-D DFT, Properties of 2-D DFT, FFT, IFFT, Walsh transform, Hadamard transform, Discrete cosine transform, Slant transform, Optimum transform: Karhunen - Loeve (Hotelling) transform. [7].

Module 3

Image Enhancement in the Spatial and Frequency Domain: Gray level transformations, Histogram processing, Arithmetic and logic operations, Spatial filtering: Introduction, Smoothing and sharpening filters. Frequency domain filters: Homomorphic filtering. [6]

Module 4

Image Data Compression: Fundamental s, Redundancies: Coding, Interpixel Psycho-visual, fidelity criteria, Image compression models, Error free compression, Lossy compression, Image compression standards: Binary image and Continuous tone Still Image compression standards, Video compression standards. [6]



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Module 5

Morphological Image Processing: Introduction, Dilation, Erosion, Opening, closing, Hit -or-miss transformation, Morphological algorithm operations on binary Images, Morphological algorithm operations on gray-scale Images.

[6]

Module 6

Image Segmentation, Representation and Description: Detection of discontinuities, Edge linking and Boundary detection, Thresholding Region based segmentation, Image Representation schemes, Boundary descriptors, and Regional descriptors.

Text Books:

- 1. R.C Gonzalez and R. Woods: -Digital Image Processing, (Indian reprint: Pearson publication, 2001)
- 2. Anil K. Jain :- Digital Image Processing (Prentice-Hall, India)

Reference Books:

- 1. W. K. Pratt: Digital Image Processing, 2nd Edition, (John Wiley & Sons).
- 2. B. Chanda & D. Dutta Majumder, Digital Image Processing and Analysis, (Prentice-Hall, India)
- 3. M. A. Sid-Ahmed: Image Processing- Theory, Algorithms & Architecture, (McGraw-Hill).

Satellite Communication & Remote Sensing

EC801C Contacts: 3L Credits: 3

Historical background, Basic concepts, Freguency allocation for satellite services, orbital & spacecraft problems, comparision of networks and services, modulation techniques used for satellite communication.(2)

Orbits- Two body problem, orbital mechanics, geostationary orbit, change in longitude, orbital maneuvers, orbital transfer, obital perturbations. (2)

Launch Vehicles- principles of Rocket propulsion, powered flight, Lauchvehicles for communication satellite (1) RF link- noise, the basic RF link, satellite links (up and down), optimization RF link, intersatellite link, noise temperature, Antenna temperature, overallsystem temperature, propagation factors, rain attenuation model. Tropospheric and Ionospheric EFFECT. (5)

Multiple access- FDMA, TDMA, CDMA techniques, comperision of multiple access techniques, error connecting codes.(5)

Satellite subsystems and satellite link design- AOCS, TT&C, power system, spacecraft antenna, transponder, Friis transmission equation, G/T ratio of earth station. (6)

Remote Sensing:

- 1. Basic of remote sensing, Electromagnetic Radiation principles, Atmospheric window, Indian satellite sensing satellite system, Active, Passive, ground based and space based remote sensing. (3)
- 2. Spatial, spectral, Radiometric and temporal resolution, satellite sensors, detectors and scanning technique, FOV and error sources, Image analysis and Interpretation weather RADAR, LIDAR, acoustic sounding systems, TRMM, AURA-MLS, Megha Tropiques Alitmeter, Scatterometer, Radiometer.(9)
- 3. Ground based and radio occulation techniques, spectral response of water, Sea surface temperature, wind speed, colour monitor, clouds and acrosal, water vopor, convective system, Trace gases.(7)





Ref.: 1. Remote Sensing and GIS - B. Bhatta (oxford university press)

Remote sensing of the Environment – J.R. Jenson (Pearson)

Global Navigation satellite systems - B. S. Rao (TMH)

Satellite communication – D. Roddy (TMH)

Remote Sensing - R.A. Schowengerdt)Academic press)

Neural Network & Applications

EC802A Contacts: 3L Credits: 3

Module-1 Introduction to neural networks: Human brain and models of a neuron, artificial neurons and activation functions; Learning processes: Introduction to Supervised, Unsupervised and Reinforcement Learning, Memory-based learning, Hebbian learning, competitive learning, Boltzman learning, Adaptive Linear Neuron (Adaline); [8L]

Module-2 Single-layer perceptrons: Unconstrained optimization, LMS algorithm, learning curves, perceptrons, convergence theorem, limitations of single-layer perceptrons; Multi-layer perceptrons: Back-propagation algorithm, XOR problem, feature detection, accelerated convergence of back-propagation algorithm, limitations; [8L]

Module-3 Radial Basis function networks: Theorems on separability of patterns, interpolation problem, regularization theory and regularization networks, generalized RBF, approximation properties of RBF, Wavelet Neural Network, comparison of RBF and back-propagation; [6L]

Module-4 Associative Memory Networks: Training Algorithm for Pattern Association-Hebb Rule, Bidirectional Associative Memory, Hopfield Networks- Continuous and Discrete, Hamming Network; Self- Organizing maps: Feature mapping models, SOM algorithm, learning vector quantization, adaptive vector quantization; Stochastic machines: Statistical mechanics, Markov chains, Simulated annealing, Gibbs sampling, Boltzman machine, Sigmoid belief networks; [10L]

Module-5

Applications: Applications on Digital Image Processing and other related areas, Image Restoration based on Associative Memory, Data Visualization with self organizing feature MAP, Support Vector machines (SVM), SVM based learning. Introduction to MATLAB Programming. [4L]

Text Books:

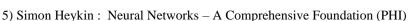
- 1) S. N. Sivanandam, S.N. Deepa: Principles of Soft Computing (Wiley India)
- 2) Satish Kumar: Neural Networks A Classroom Approach (Mc Graw Hill Ed.)
- 3) Mohamad H. Hassoun: Fundamentals of Artificial Neural Networks(PHI)
- 4) James A. Freeman, David M. Skapura: Neural Networks (Pearson)



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- 6) M. Ananda Rao, J. Srinibas: Neural Networks Algorithms and Applications (Narosa Publ. House)
- 7) S. Rajsekaran, G.A. Vijaylakshmi Pai: Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm

Reference Books:

- 1) Amit Konar: Artificial Intelligence and Soft Computing (CRC Press, Indian Edition Available)
- 2) Cloete, Zarunda: Knowledge based Neurocomputing (University Press)
- 3) Duda, Hart, Stork: Pattern Classification (Wiley)
- 4) J.S. Jang, C.T. Sun, E. Mizutani: Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing (PHI)
- 5) Bart Kosko: Neural Network and Fuzzy Systems (PHI)
- 6) N. K. Bose, P. Liang: Neural Network Fundamentals with Graphs, Algorithms and Applications (TMG)
- 7) Dan W Patterson, PHI: Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems (PHI)

Material Science & Engineering

EC802B Contacts: 3L Credits: 3

Structure of Solids: Atoms and their binding, Bonds, Crystal Systems, Bravais LatticeMiller Indices, Crystalline, Polycrystalline and Amorphous Materials; Metals, Semiconductors and Insulators, Lattice defects-Qualitative ideas of point, line, surface and volume defects. [5]

Dielectric Propertise: Dielectric Polarization and Mechanism- Internal or local field, Dielectric Loss, Temperature and Frequency dependence of dielectric constant, Elementary ideas of Piezoelectrics, Ferroelectrics and Pyroelectric Materials and its Applications. [4]

Magnetic Properties: Elementary ideas of classification of magnetic materials – Diamagnetism, Paragnetism, Ferrognetism, Ferrimagnetism, Magnetic Domains. [2]

Superconductors: Basic concepts of superconductivity, Transition temperature, Meissner effect High-T superconductors, Haed and Soft Materials, SQUID. [3]

Optical properties: Absorption, Emission, Luminescence, Electro-optic and Acousto-optic effects, Photorefractive effects.

Materials for Optical Communication: LED and Laser Materials, Optical Fibre. [3]

Materials for Data Storage: Magnetic Cores, Tapes, Disks, Hard disk, Floppy disk, Magneto-optic devices, Bubble memories, Magnetoelectronic Materials, CD, DVD, CCD. [5]

Materials for Display Devices: CRT, LED, LCD, TFT, Plasma Display.

Advanced Materials: Metallic Glasses, Nanomaterials, etc. [2]

Books:

- 1. Electrical Engineering Materials A. J. Dekker (PHI)
- 2. Material Science and Engineering-A First Course V. Raghavan (PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd)
- 3. Principles of Electronic Materials and Devices S. Kasap (McGraw-Hill)
- 4. An Introduction to Solid State Physics Charles Kittel (John Wiley & sons)
- 5. An Introduction to Electronic Materials for Engineers W. Kao, Z. Lee and N. Sannes (World Scientific)

Renewable Energy

EC802C



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| Contacts: 3L | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Credits: 3 | | | | |
| Classification of Energy Sources | (2) | | | |
| Advantages of Non Conventional Energy Sources over Conventional | Sources | | | |
| Economics, Impact on Environment Electricity Generation from Non G | Conventional Energy Sources: | | | |
| Solar Energy: | (12) | | | |
| Solar radiation and its Characteristics, Solar Collector: flat Plate, focus | sing, Solar Energy use for water heating, Solar | | | |
| thermal power generation, Hybrid solar power Principle of energy cor | nversion in solar cells, Photovoltaics, Different | | | |
| types of PV Cells, Mono-poly crystalline and amorphous Silicon solar | r cells. Design of PV array. Efficiency and | | | |
| cost of PV systems. Wind Energy: | (7) | | | |
| Wind as energy source, Design of Wind turbine, Selection of site of W | ind farm, characteristics of different types of | | | |
| wind generators used with wind turbines Hydel Energy: (2) | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Electricity generation from micro hydel plants, location, auxiliaries and | d associated problems. Bio Energy: | | | |
| (4) | | | | |
| Resources and conversion process: bio gas conversion, bio gas plant, b | pio mass gasifier. co generation Bio diesel; | | | |
| (2) | | | | |
| Sources, usability and advantages over mineral product, Tidal Energy | r: Principle, selection of site, Economics and | | | |
| future prospect (2) | | | | |
| Wave Energy: Principle, selection of site and future prospect | (2) | | | |
| Geo thermal Energy: Principle , location , economics and prospect | (2) | | | |
| Fuel Cells: | (5) | | | |
| Principle of fuel cells, Different types of fuel cells, advantages and lin | nitations Magneto hydrodynamics energy | | | |
| conversion: (2) | | | | |
| Principle Economics and environmental aspect of MHD generation | | | | |

Audio & Speech Processing

EC802D Contacts: 3L Credits: 3

Objective: The course p rovides fundamentals in human speech and music analysis, modeling and processing using digital filters and Pattern Recognition techniques, and an overview of Hidden Markov Models for speech encoding. The different representations of digitized human speech, the importance of adequate voiced and unvoiced speech sounds grouped into phonemes, are used along with spectrograms for speech recognition, articulation and understanding. Also covered are - how the d o m i n a n t features of speech may be analyzed to form significant abstractions for speaker identification and speaker-independent linguistic comprehension. Prerequisites: Audio Systems, Analog Filters, Digital Signal Processing.

Module -1

Introduction: Production and transmission of acoustic signals: articulation of human speech. Acoustic-phonetic structure of Speech and Music: music synthesis and speech synthesis. A history of Voders & Vocoders and early speech recognition methods. [4]

Module -2





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Acoustic-Phonetic classification: Phonemes, Auto-spectra. Review of Digital Signal Processing and FFT. Short-

term Spectral Analysis and STFT, the ARPA and DARPA projects, Pattern matching, introduction to Hidden Markov (HMM) Models. Adaptive segmentation of speech. [6]

Module -3 The stochastic parameters of human speech, Gaussian densities and statistical model training, voiced and unvoiced speech, voice-box modeling, resonance. Acoustic travelling waves. Psycho-acoustics, Physiological exploration of periodicity, audio-spectrograms and sonograms, pitch-perception models. [7]

Module -4 Physiology of the ear and hearing mechanism, the Auditory System modeled as a Filter-bank, Gammatone and Roex filters, Spectrum and Complex Cepstrum analysis of speech as perceived by detectors, Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR), Linear Prediction analysis [7]

Module -5 Phonetic and phonemic alphabets, phonological models of ASR, Linear and Dynamic Time-warping, connected word recognition, Statistical sequence recognition and model training in speech pattern recognition, HMM training, Viterbi training, MLP architecture and training, [8]

Module -6 Speech Synthesis and coding, Formant synthesizers, Vocoders, Speech transformation, Speaker verification, Music synthesizers, speech-assisted applications in industry, defence and medicine. [5]

Text Books:

- 14. B.Gold & N.Morgan :- Speech & Audio Signal Processing -Processing and Perception of Speech & Music (Wiley Student edition)
- 15. L.R. Rabiner & B.H.Juang :- Fundamentals of Speech Recognition (Prentice-Hall Signal Processing series)
- 16. B.Plannerer: An Introduction to Speech Recognition [Freely downloadable e-Book]
- 17. F.Mihelic & J.Zibert : Speech Recognition (InTech) [Freely downloadable e-Book]
- 18. I. Mcloughlin : Applied Speech and Audio Processing with MATLAB examples (Cambridge University Press)

Reference Books:

- viii) G. Young:-The Application of Hidden Markov Models in Speech Recognition [freely downloadable e-Book]
- ix) M.Grimm & K.Kroschel :-Robust Speech Recognition & Understanding (Intech)[Freely downloadable]
- x) L. R.Rabiner & R.W.Schafer : Theory and Applications of Digital Speech Processing (Hewlett-Packard Labs/Pearson Pub)
- xi) C. Schmandt :- Voice Communication with Computers-Conversational Systems (Van Norstrand Reinhold Computers Series)
- xii) SOUND FORGE software package (SONY) for practice sessions [freely downloadable]

Practical

DESIGN LAB

Contacts: 6L Credits: 4

Objective: To impart the essential knowledge of electronic circuit design and fault analysis, to enhance hands on experience and to -encourage innovativeness.





Modus operandi: The subject will be a sessional subject so that students can employ all their resources in order to excel.

Total 18 designs have been indicated in the syllabus classified in 4 groups. Each student has to complete at least 8 designs in a semester taking two from each group.

At the end of the semester, the student will be interviewed by a panel of examiners, constituted by the head of the department/institution.

Guidelines: Each design given in the syllabus indicates the basis. On this basis, the teacher will prepare an exact design problem with specified parameters and assign to the student.

Objective of the job in brief is also given in the syllabus. As such the teacher can further elaborate or specialize the problem creating enough room for the student to learn and innovate.

If same job is assigned to more than one student/group, it must be with different parameter values.

The students will find their own design solutions with minimum input from the teacher. Of course there can be more than one solution but the student should ultimately know their comparative merits/demerits.

The hardware assembly and testing has to be done only during assigned class hours under general supervision of a teacher. The student must always make a comparative study between the theoretical and measured performance parameters and analyze their causes.

At the end of each job, the student will prepare a report including detail technical specification of his design, circuit diagram, design calculations, theoretical & measured values, graphs, references etc.

Scoring: The total score of 100 will be in two parts, e.g. a) continuous evaluation-60 and b) semester end viva-40. A full mark of 10 is allotted to each job. At the end of each job, the teacher will evaluate the performance on the basis of initiative, innovativeness, speed and insight. The sum of 6 such evaluations will make the total for continuous evaluation.

At end semester, each student will be interviewed to assess his expertise in various facets of electronic design, and a score out of 40 will be allotted.

A. DISCRETE ANALOG CIRCUITS.

- 1. Rectifiers. (To design a rectifier for a given average output dc voltage and a given load resistance, compare between the theoretical values of Vdc, Vrms, RF, HD, output regulation, transformer utility factor etc. with the measured values, and thus comprehend the relevance/effect of these various parameters.)
- 2. DC power supplies regulation and protection circuits. (To learn designing a series transistor based output regulation circuit, an output current limiting circuit, fold back circuit needed for a given output parameters.)
- 3. Single stage audio frequency voltage amplifier with BJT for a given Av, Zin and Zout and maximum symmetrical out put swing. (To learn basic design principles, different methods of biasing, bias stability, selection of transistor from data manuals and effect of ac coupling on bandwidth.)
- 4. Single stage audio frequency emitter follower with JFET for a given Av, Zin and Zout and maximum symmetrical out put swing. (To learn the design principles and applications of an emitter follower.)





- 5. Complimentary symmetry power amplifier with pre amplifier, if necessary, for a given out put power to a given load with single ended power supply. (To learn the distinction of a power amplifier over and above a voltage or current amplifier, its design principles, issues like, efficiency, cross over distortion etc.)
- 6. RC phase shift Oscillator, Wien Bridge oscillator, Hartley and Colpitt oscillator (To learn the design of oscillators and measuring the frequency and amplitude of oscillations)

B. OPAMP BASED ANALOG CIRCUITS

- 1. Inverting and non-inverting amplifier of given dc gain, input impedance and output impedance. (To learn the basic design, inter relation between the dc gain and input/output impedances, offset balance and the relation between feedback and GBW.)
- 2. Adder and subtractor. (To learn the basic design and function of a multi input adder/subtractor (with ac and dc inputs present simultaneously).
- 3. Comparator/voltage level detector for a given upper threshold level and a given lower threshold level with facility of independent adjustment of hysteresis and center point. (To learn the design and the technique of independent adjustment of both hysteresis and center point.)
- 4. Active filters: LP, BP, HP, 1st order, 2nd order. (To learn the design of a filter and it's inherent phase shifting characteristics.)
- 5. 555 based monostable and astable of duty cycle below and above 50%. (To learn designing 555 based timer circuits.)

DIGITAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

- 1. Design and implement a BCD to 7-segment decoder with basic and universal gates. (To understand clearly the method of writing a truth table, use of K-map, simplifying a logic function and optimum design with minimum number of ICs and inputs.)
- 2. Design and implement a 4-digit frequency counter with a clock generator. (To learn designing a digital circuit using available standard gate, FF, counter and display Ics.)
- 3. Designing logic circuits using multiplexers, demultiplexers and gates to implement logic functions. (To learn the use multiplexers and demultiplexers)
- 4. Design and implement a sequence detector. (To learn designing a sequential circuit, whose output is 1 or 0 when any input bit is preceded or succeeded by a predefined
- binary sequence. To define the input & output sequence from a given physical problem, to prepare a state diagram, derive a
- minimal state table, to find the simplified state equation, to implement the same & verify the result)
- 5. To design and implement a combination of a logic circuit and a RAM in order to generate a 4-bit data after simplifying a logic expression, to store the output data at a predefined location in the RAM, to retrieve the same and verify. (To comprehend the structure and operating principle of memory devices.)





D. POWER ELECTRONICS

1. Design a Single-phase full & shaft controlled converter. 2. Design of Microprocessor based Triggering socket.